





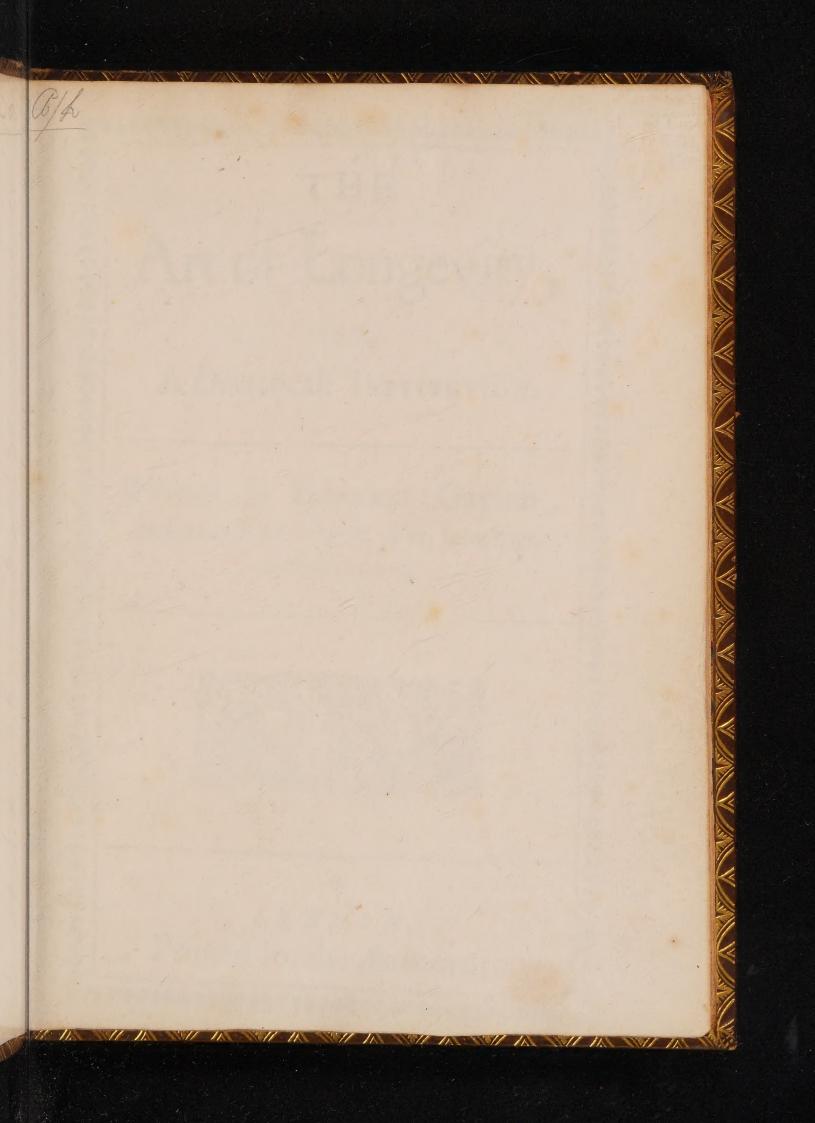








CHARLES MURTON,



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W. Forone

Art of Longevity,

OR,

A Diæteticall Institution.

Written by Edmund Gayton,

Bachelor in PHTSICK, of St. John Bapt.

Coll. Oxford.



Printed for the Author. 1659.

92502 1 £, et en jeka ji va WISTON IN SE 541 % Lr MIRRAL! ----LOWBEN, ELVISOR IN THE PROPERTY.

TO THE

Most Vertuous, Accomplisht & Ingenious LADY,

THE LADY

ELIZABETH ROUS,

The meriting Wife of the most Munificent

FOHN ROUS Esq;

Of Henham Hall in Suffolk.

SINGULAR MADAM,

cation of this Book belong, then to your excelling Self, who (being by Birth first, then Accomplishments, then Marriage, the unenvied Paragon of two great Counties, that of Norfolk by your Originals, this of Suffolk by your Nuptials, in honour to those Counties that are proud of you, and the rest that contend for you) should be continued to as much duration, as the Art of Physick is able to contrive. It ought to be the labour of a Colledge of Physitians (not of one pitifull Pretender) to advance the preservation of such a person, which if lost, the following age must faintly hope to re-example. In the

The Episte DEDICATORY.

want therefore, or failings of Physical Counsels be your own Lesius, be to your self a Cornara, fince it hath so providentially faln out, all other outward embellishments being abundantly bestowed upon you, that you need not spend any time to adorn, or trick up your felf, but only to express your thankfulness to the gracious Opificer of so rare a piece, & employ some hours (as is your practise) that your Countrey, Family, and Friends may be happy in the long possession of you. For really your own Practise (Madam) will out-do all my Precepts, your Gardens and Parks out-vie the Physick-Gardens; your Closet is as considerable as the Countest of Kent's with her Powder in it. At Henham-Hall (the Seat of your Noble Husbands Ancestors) what is wanting to Satiety? yet your Deer outlive the ages of their Neighbour-commoners, and their Parks too; 'tis possible to find a Stag as ancient as that of Cafar's: nor is this done by the diet of your Keeper, or your keeping your Deer from being your Diet, but by a successive spending of your Park, not destroying it, by letting us eat Venison, but not to such excess, as if your Guests were to feed themselves into Elkes. Your Deer fall (as our Colledge-copices should do) at so many years growth, that so the succeeding scholars may have wood of their own, & not expect Coals from New-castle. Your Table is Mezentian in this respect; for alive Deer look in at your windows, and see their dead Brother in a Cossin. So rare is your Cookery, it makes slaughter amiable, and the Herd

The Epistle DEDICATORY.

Heard desire to be wounded, that they may be so dress'd. I have seen your Table furnished with more Dishes then my Book hath Chapters in it, and yet the Temperance did exceed the Dishes, so that if ever Abstinence was paramount, and in its Zenith it was at Henham, where Self-deniall (so much spoke of) was truly visible, even in the fulnels of the Creature, and your Guests din'd Philo-'This is true Temsophically, at a City Feast. perance (Madam) to refraine where there is variety of temptation to excess; to stint the stomack, in full view of the game of Luxury, otherwise it is Penance, not Abstinence, and the Mind and Appetite not commanded, but a string tied 'about the throat, which is Cormorant sobriety, for 'which the Fowl wishes him hang'd that throtled him.

Having thus commended (Madam) your Diet, 'tis not with any Stratagem to get Applause to my own, which is too course for your Palate, and scarce fit for your Servants. But as you sometimes are pleased to leave the Rarities of your own Table and Caresse in a Cottage, where the Earthen Platter, the Barley Pudding, the Fool, and the plain Countrey Houswise, are both Meat and Sport, and delight and nourish beyond the wisdome of multiplied Cookery. So let it fare (best Lady) with this slender treatment of your Servant, which is not a Present, but a Debt of a long Promise, and not in that kind paid that it was promised. I did intend you a Grace, some Divine

Poems,

The Epistle DEDICATORY.

Poems, but present you with all manner of Diet, for fear being without Grace, it might be supposed all of Oysters, or Melons. The Book is a Hieroglyphick salt, not that with the head of Mortification on it, which is melancholy, or a Charing-cross-trencher salt, which is impious; but this is a pillar of Salt, or rather of Temperance, which is healthful (and at least in wish) Festivous, the Motto as it may be translated,

Poets should alwayes write, To profit, and delight.

And calls to mind the ancient frugality of our predecessors, which were wise, valiant, and abstemious, three habits much advanced, if not begot by Diatetick Rules. To the moderate observance whereof, in the pursuance of your Honoured Husbands, and your Ladiships and Families health, this Rythmicall Tract invites you, until I can face to face, and wivh voce wish your double healths (as a Physician ought to do) in your celebrious Goblet at Hendam-Hall. Till then, and ever, I am

(MADAM)

Your most gratefull Servant,

Edmund Gayton.

दस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवंदस्क्षेत्रवं

Candid LADY-READERS.

Madams,

His Book, entitled The Art of Longevity, or, A Dieteticall Institute, may very well seem unnecessary and superfluous, after so many Trasts of the same subject, by the long-liv'd Lessius, Cornarus, and others, who have ingrossed all that can be said, and left Posterity nothing but to practise. But as in Divinity (that of the Times, called Preaching) repetition is not uncommendable; so in Physick, a round Recapitulation, or trimme Compendium and Abridgement, may help the memory, though not the understanding; wherefore the succinct and ingenious Salernitan Precepts fasten more then Hypocrates profounder Aphorisms, or Galens Comments upon its Auditors, and Sandersons Verses, are oftner and easier remembred then their rugged Prose, Feet and Rythm smeetning the source of the moral letter. Verses indeed have the fate to be both sighted and condemned, and yet, like other faults, retained. And though Poetry and Oratory both (if lookt upon in the art and respect) are but the lowest of endowments; yet as their subjects may be, they both raise them and themselves. I confess my Subject is above my Drefs, and I have deprest the Argument by the mould I cast it in, yet a plain Suit by the Fancies may be made conspicuous, and attract more for the mode then the stuff. So here serious Mattter in a phantastical or light Dress, may one with another perchance finde a liking, ImeTo the Candid Lady-Readers.

sometimes applause. I know, Ladies, that you are all of a near extraction, choice and sifted earth, and so resolve to keep your selves, being by self-affection principled to a spare Diet, whereby your own mirrours reflect you pleasing and lovely to your selves, and admirable to others. Wherefore in all Physical practise there are no such observant Patients as your selves, whether the business concern your health or your ornament, your being or your well-being. Non a book of Diet presented to you is like to be of most happy events, who if you are told the quality of your food, will not erre in the quantity. The first of these is my care at present, the second is your constant use: for neither to your noble sex, nor any of the nobler, will I prescribe any measure in meat, though there ought to be one in al things: the Beasts themselves (even all but Horses, Dogs, and Smine) have attained to such a natural stint. Rare is the temperance of the Elephants, Apes, Birds, as may be read in Elians Varia Historia, nay Dogs themselves (a voracions animal) though they will eat to surfeit, sure themselves by abstinence, and Swine-physick is grown into a Proverb. If your Ladyships enquire at what demensum or exalines I live my self, with a Medice, ostende teipsum, that is, shew me thy Diet by thy Practise; I answer, Madams, Truly I finde it the best rule, as to my particular, to keep no sule at all, for the Times have been more then Lessius to me, and brought me to less then twelve ounces in two dayes, which is a most slender proportion; they have taken care that I shall never have the morst of surfeits, that of bread : yet sometimes I offend in poculentis, in the excess, oftner in esculentis, in the defect; in Fastings often, in Prayers less, yet still in some, enough Religion for a Physitian. And beside the Coloquintida of the Times, in frequent mornings doses of the leaves of Wormwood, Scurvy-grass, and Water-cresses, which makes me look at the present Mastigation like Vespatian, Clodius, or John Whistler, the sometime good-fac'd Recorder of Oxford (as if I were going to Sacrifice to the Lady Cloacina.) Such severe Discipline is not sit for

To the Candid Lady-Readers.

for your tender Architesture, that may ruine Plaister of Paris, which will scarce smooth the rougher Lime and Sand. In short, I know it is a Latine Proverb, Misere vivit qui vivit Medice, that is, Madams,

They are most miserable Fools
That alwayes live by Physick-rules.

And so Misere vivit, qui immodice vivit,

They'r flaves unto their appetite
Which golden moderation flight.

In a word of exhortation then, Ladies, be neither Hermits nor Carthunans, Capuchins nor Montanilts, that is, not of too severe a Regulation; yet a Nunnes diet for your sex, and the Collegiat for ours, will make you Mother-Pyrrha's for Age, Penelopes for Beauty, Cassandra's for Wisdome. In short, it will keep your Spirits active, your Skins cleare, your Limbs vigorous, your senles and bodies apt for all Divine and Natural actions, whereby you may be (as you wish your selves, and I too cordially) both belov'd of God and men. And thus I humbly submit these Conceits following to your Ladyships view, under correction; unto which (especially from such hands) I were unkind to my self if I should not most willingly lye down, and subscribe my self

(LADIES)

Your most Obedient and Corrigible Servant,

EDMUND GAYTON.



To the honour'd Author upon his Diætetical Institute.

Ere the world but one Giant-thing that liv'd,
And had a foul, (as the old Sage believ'd)
But could it eat too, for one meal I'de swear,
Thou meant'll thy Book its general Bill of fare;
Great Clerk of Natures kitchin! we ne're knew
She was so good an House-keeper till now.
Some Naturalists serv'd up a course, or so,
Garnish'd to boot with their own sictions too;
But thou in this great Oleo hast combin'd,
Vhat e're her want or suxury could find.
If in her dining-room thou serve so well,
I'th' drawing-room sure thou must needs excell.

J. Heath.

1. 378 Shill 1



To his Friend the Author.

WHat is't is writ? It is a noble Diet:
Oh! for a Souldiers stomack to be quiet, And not conceive such Dainties plac'd upon Some Ladies Board; then let the Gods look on, VVith all their Goddesses, and tell me where They met with wholesome diet and such cheare: But their immortal diets only known And rarely fanci'd to us, then were shown By power of Poets wits: I would not with This my good friend present us such a dish: VV hat he hath done 'tis all substantial good, Not only Babes, but Lords and Ladies food; Such as may make our youth old Nestor's grow, And then confess their age to him they owe: Yet if our stomacks want a dish to bait on, No wit like thine, i'th' fecond Course, dear Gayton.

E. ALDRICH, Tribunu militum. To



To his quondam Fellow Oxonian EDMUND GAYTON.

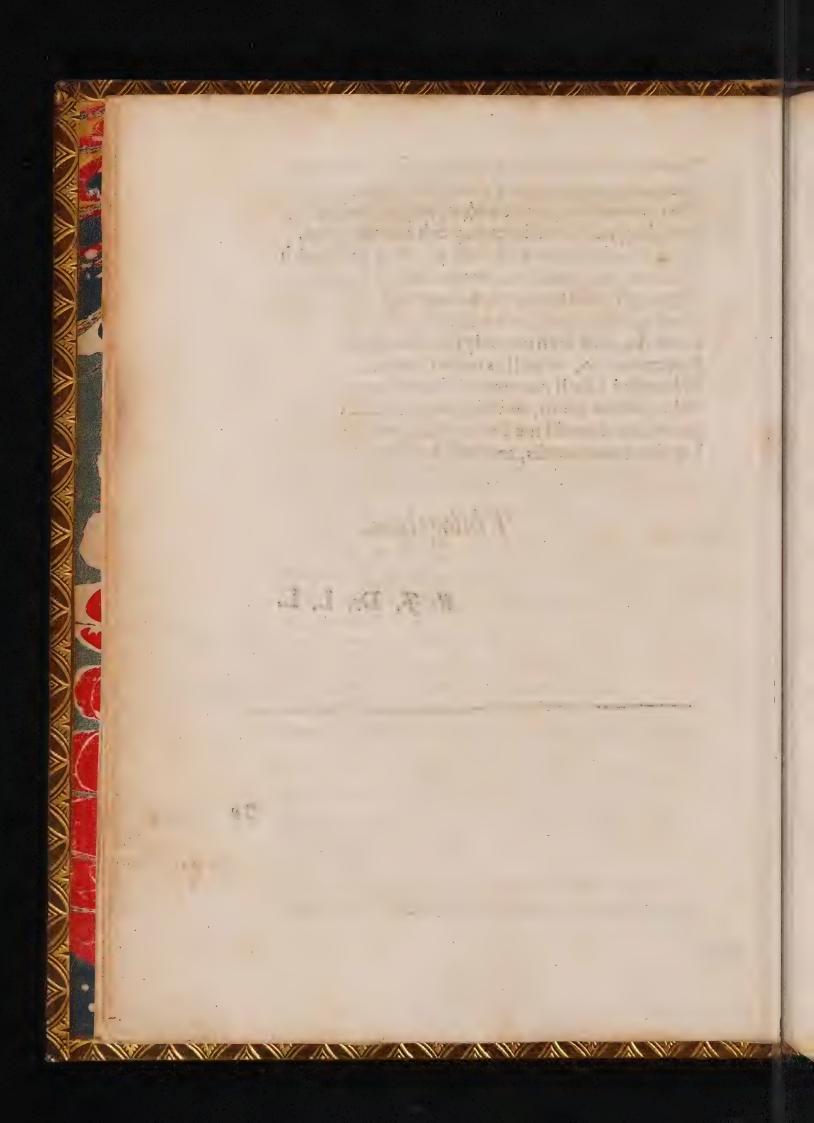
These Dietetick Laws thou dost here give, Do teach us how, but make thy self to live, And so they shall, industrious Mun, till time Do once restore thee unto Prose from Rime: Sometimes in Latine verse, in English now You do, (God bless it) drive Poetick plough. Whence are these Institutes, and whence these Rules? Not from th' Apothecary Shops, or Schools? Thou talk'st Arabian Authors, but thy pains Speak lowdly, thou hast no Library but brains. Longevity thou giv'st us from Fove's Bower, And temperance from Friar Bacon's * Tower. where the Au- Who'd think a Man should fall so mightily, Who had his Rudiments of Warr so high? VVho'd think that thou, a Centry in the air, Should'st e're come down to teach us grosser Fare? A Paracel lanthen (without disgrace) I'le call thee, instructed by the Prince oth' Place. Bred in the Air, and VVarr, what Powders may Not come from thee? my Lady Kents give way. Both Monk and Souldier owns thee, for I know, Both Presses thou dost stoutly undergo.

And now to please the Ladies thou hast brought, Not things farre fetch'd, nor yet too dearly bought:

* The Stand thor was first plac'd a Centry Thou mak'st their Kitchin-Gardens give them more Then Egypt and both th' Indies did before.
Thus common things, not vulgar, are made nice,
And cheapness sometimes may enhanse the price.
What thou hast done with staffe of place and wealth
We know not, but I'me sure the staffe of health
Thou carri'st still before us, and our part
Is but to follow well, and praise thy Art:
Great Art, that doth not only save but cure,
Preventive too, as well as make t'endure.
Wherefore I shall no more of thee rehearse,
Who giv'st us Mirth, and Physick, in a verse:
And those that will not for thy dose give Fee,
Let them want verses, and their health for me.

Philogeiton.

H. F. Dr. L. L.





To Mr. Gayton on his Art of LONGEVITY.

COr Surfeits some pay dear, even all their wealth, Others farre dearer, their more precious health. Yet heavier punishment, we see, or read, Poor Copenhagen feels it from the Smede, Whose Sword, with Famine sharper then its edge, Now fadly gives the Danish Healths a Pledge. Could now one cure this feasting evil, give Sick appetite the great Restorative; Teach us to feed like Burgers, yet to rise Like Doctors, lesse merry, and more wife, To such a Galen, Cities that abound In Riches, noble Pensions might projound: I wish they would, facetious Gayton, then Should'st thou have Fees due to thy learned Pen; That from the Arabians hath to us transferred The Secret, that preserves that long-liv'd Bird, Which thou prescribit, not in hard words, that make The Bill as nauseous as the Drugs we take. 'So clearly and so well thy Book is writ, That we have here choice Diet, and choice Wit.

Robert Stapylton Knight.

To his honoured Friend Mr. Edmund Gayton on his Art of Longevity.

7 Hy how now fellow Souldier! what you write? It must be sure to get what you by fight Have loft; in troth we had ill luck by th' Sword; Those were By-blows, thou better art at word: And why of Diet prithee, when we know All Cavaliers are forc'd to live too low Under the Rule of Lessius, small provant Will serve those men o'th' Garrison of Gaunt: So oft reform'd (that's squeez'd) they'r brought alass, Toth' Mum, and Diet of Pythagoras. Platonick love we new may justifie, Since meats Platonick make sobriety: And what i'th' fulness of the Court was Fable Romance all, is true from thy spare Table, And yet the sheet abounds in services, The worst of service, only of the eyes. He that doth feed on thee Paetick Mun, Must change himself to a Camelion: For all thy Diet,, and choice Bill of Fare, Is only words, and that's but wind and air.

FRANCISCUS ASTON Capt.

Militiæ Puerilis,

A Diæteticall Institution.

CHAP. I.

Hilest I intend a wholsome Diet-Rule, (Schoole, And write of Meats and Drinks from Physicks It ought to be presum'd our state is good, And that we have to buy our daily Food: For what hath he to do to vex his thought How he should eat, that hath no victuals bought? Wherefore we do amand Duke Humphrey's Guest, For their Provision truly is o'th' least. A Dog doth fare much better with his bones, Than those whose table meat and drink are stones: But that great Duke is out of house and home, And his grand Palace is a Den become; But not so good as is the Lions den, Or Foxes holes, there's scraps for many men; There is no Ordinary of News and Talk, No not so much is left as Weymarks Walk, No not so much (if you will please to go in) Doth th' head remain of Welch Cozen Owen; Who for this violence done unto his name Will rise and pay her with an Epigram: He was set up with such a peaking Face, As if to th' Humphreyans h' had been saying Grace; That word doth hint our business, doth as well As if I'd heard the Colledge Buttry-bell. The

Then first we shall rehearse in humble Rimes What time and hour we mount our Belly-chimes; For it doth stand with excellent reason To have for meats, as other things, a Season. For so it was ordain'd by our Creator, (And still perform'd by naturated nature) The Earth, the Air, the Sea, (would y' have more Than such an able triple Providore?) With tempestivous delicacies strive, To please us in a various nutritive: And with successive courses interchanging, They have for every time a severall ranging; No Aulicus, Culman, no nor Clerk, Shew such a bill of Fare as was i'th' Ark: And as by Couples they to Noah came To be preserved, they do the very same To us to be destroyed; for Master Venter Consumeth all that into it doth enter: It is for this luxurious Anthony, And puired vice, our Cleopatry, The ransackt Elements do not afford Enough Provision for the Bed and Boord. Would it not prove thy whole Arithmetick To cast in Cyphers what is spent by th' week? (Friend Noah) in this great Metropolis, Without the Tavern style, of Bread and Cheese; What droves of Higlers post in from the Fens With Fowls most Epicane, both Cocks and Hens? Of all which company I don tenjoy, One Duck, and yet related to a Coy. But oh the heads we see of greater heards! Not Io was so fair when Iove afeard, (That Iuno did suspect her self cornute). Had turn'd his delicate Lady to a Brute: Nor when himself was pleas'd a Bull to lowe, Could he our two late Fansen Beeves out-show?

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The wayes on every rode are all blockt up With the whole family of those that Tup: Who all like other innocents come Unto these Shambles, to receive their doom. St. Lukes is past, and Rumford rode doth whine, As if that Circe were alive with Swine:) 'Piggs have their Tide too, and there is a Fare For those, who in their lives most filthy are. How many Babieson S. Margrets Hill (If all that name to her continue still) Lie pil'd in Tray (as they were wont in Trough) And yet (as if there were not Pigg enough) Old Bartholmew with Purgatory Fire Destroyes the Babe of many a doubtfull Sire: Nor doth the Sea deny his vast supplies, In greater Fishes and the lesser Fries, As to our cost, the street o'th' pame can tell, How cheap soe're the Fish, the dressing's fell. The very King of Fish his season knows, And in vast shoak his just obedience shews; So all the rest of that blew Monarchy Follow their leader, all resolv'd to die. How do the painted Mack'rell load our Shallops? And lest they smell, do put the winds to th' gallop. Lord, what a din the Sluts at Billing sgate Do make about the tother cast of Sprats! And open more their monstrous mouths in vain, Than do their Oysters against tide or rain: Nor may we pass the place where Chimney-sweep Doth now instead o'th' Cross his station keep: * There is a Cornucopia walk but thorough, (Where is the like, except at Edenburough?) Oh had our Sister Burrough such a face, T' have had her double stalls of Flesh and Plate, Her name might then have Eden been, whereas For want of both she came e'ne where it was;

* In Cheapfide where the
Herb-market
was, but now
without a Writ
removed into
S. Pauls Ch.
yard.

And

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And so retains unto this Nations forrow, From our lost gewds, the last part of it borrow. But I believe the Sallads of the place, And Physicall Herbage, for a twelve-months space Would be too great a fraight and summe to trie The bank o'th' Caledonick Pedlary. And now I think'tis time the Bill of Fare, Given in and read, for Dinner to prepare.

Chap. II. Question I.

(a) An Arabian WHat time and hour is best to eat at? Answer, (a) As Rasis doth advise in his (b) Almansor, (b) A Dist-Di- (Now-Rasis was in Physick a Sage Solon) After our former meats have pass'd grand (c) Colon rectory so cal-(c) Thegreat And the Saburra of the place unloaded, No longer meat, no longer drink be avoided: A little exercise, but not to sweat, Excites the duller appetite to eat: Soon as the eager Gentleman is rais'd Fall on a Gods name (that's with Godbe prais'd: Do not defraud him, nay, we can't, I fear, Hope to disswade, where there is ne're an ear. But as it happens at a Lord Mayors Shew (For greater Festivals we do not know) It is so long before the hundredth dish Is plac'd, and the Sword-bearer to his wish, Hath chang'd the Sword o'th' City for a Knife (Sharp as the Carver) so did tew to th' life, And laid about most powerfully (his heat And the sharp humour laid) doth no defeat: Then

Phylitian.

Gut.

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Then or with vinegar or violets fyrrup, 'You may this lazy couchant Lion stir up; But if you have not any of those at hand, (I hope hot water may be at command) Not Aqua vita (though a dramme for crude And pituitous stomacks may be good:) But here tis Asops heated water meant, Which once tane down, the stomack upward sent: After relouncing, if the stomack bray (Like a sharp Ass, for thistles or for hay) Give its demensum, let it feed pro more On any meat that is set down before ye; And for the quoties, let it as it wont (Unless some vitious custome's paramont) Then by degrees relinquish that, not sudden, ' No hasty thing is good, scarce hasty pudding, Twice in a day, or what's more temperate, Thrice in two dayes, or as 'tis forc'd of late, (Once in a day) for squeez'd & dreyn'd Revenue Is good to feed the bellies lank Retinue; Take't from a prudent Prince, who'l tell ye, By no means make a Cloke-bag of your belly. (d)

(d) That is, to carry double provision for two meals.

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

Vpon the Appetite, and custome of eating.

(a) Another Arabian Physi. tian and grand Philosopher, ealled for his Aristotle the Commentator. (b) Epicurrs, another Philo-Topher. (c) A jerfe is an animall, that cats fo much untill get betwixt exenteration, that is, unloa. biftor a.

Swe have us'd for Custome (as a second Nature, is by learn'd (a) Averroes reckon'd) So still persist, for it is good for men To eat what they are wont, saith Avicen; expositions of For totall change of diet cannot be Commended, nor from hence hath warranty. Nor we mean here, like Henry of Narar, (The happy Thunderbolt of the French war) (Who angry with his chiding Confessor, Cause he enjoyned frequent penance for His often Peccadilloes, gainst the breach Of the seventh Precrept, and did Doctrines teach it is forced to Of conjugall charity) this Prince wroth, Confin'd the Priest to Capon and white Broth two clest parts For constant diet, twas a dish he lov'd, But for so long continuance not approvid. The Story's known, apply but meat to wives, ding, vid. my But does not hold in things we treat with knives : uncle Pliny, & More than one dish may be by us accosted, Alian de varia Whether the fare be baked, sodden, or rosted: The Crambe of one dish a Greek 'twould kill, If he's enforced to feed upon it still: Nor (b) Epicurus like, or like his drove, To gurmundize and Jerfe it do we prove, And wish to find the lech'ry of Provant, Philoxenus his neck, or Cormorant. This were to be a Wood or Maxriot, Two English Helluas for his daily pot, The heads of Beasts, with their appertinance, Entrails and all, would not a meal advance.

Such

Such throats (as Cormorants are us'd in game) Should bestring-throtled, or the poor will blame; No, rather do, as we in fundry places In his Almanzor are advis'd by Rasis, Make an election of your food (and where There's choice, one dish is not presum'd the cheer) Nor have at all, for then we eat a Musse. That is not manly, Swine do onely thus. Then let our meats themselves be simply good, Yet one mans poylon is anothers food: And what our palate takes and custome likes, Though not so nourishing, will passe the pikes, I mean the Palisadoes of the face, Which have, in point of eating, the first place: For manduration and our thorough chewing Prepares what is into the stomack going, And doth facilitate the work o'th' place, (Which doth not gobbets like, nor gubbins base) For as it goes it payes a certain toll To the palate, doth that Avenue controll: There it receives an introductive change, Before it come into the stomacks range: And therefore Brawn, thouh a most lusty meat, Is no wayes for a toothlesse Dame to eat, Beside the hazard, which way ere 't should slip, (Or down the throat, or back to the dish skip;) Without good chewing it would lie to heavy For th' Aqua vite bottles us'd Replevy: Yet unto such, whose constitution, Like Cato's, needs no contribution Of Counsels, nor of dose from Medicil Art, (Who for his proper safety had a part. Of pitiful Physick, in moroser adage, Teaching all cures by vomit and by Cabadge, So did preserve unto a wondrous length His Iron sides, and almost Ostrich strength.)

(Pardon the space of this Parenthasis)
To such we say, Athletick bulks as his;
Diet that's simply bad you may not give,
He might with Cabbadge, not with Hemlock live:
Let us I pray be rightly understood,
You may eat bad, but not your basest food;
Nor bad at all, if it disgust, but naughty
And pleasing meat does well, as hath been taught ye.

CHAP! IV.

Of the order of Refection.

Et nor your checquer'd Table crack with dishes, Pil'd like a structure with Land-Beasts and Fishes; 'For multitude of meats, as well as books, Distracts the brain, and belly likewise looks For a digestion, t'eat at all, or read Without it, shews rather hast than good speed: The brain or stomack, if o're-cloy'd By superfluities, are both dostroy d: Nature hath but one Cook, then send not in The studied work of ten Cooks managing; It would be thought a wonder amongst men, If one Esurient Cook should eat up ten. Thence comes corruption, when that Cook is tird, Gives o're the work, and in the kitchin mir'd: Oh how he fumes! all Cooks are Cholerick, And sends his vapours crude and slegmatick About the house (makes a foul house with all) Diseases spring is Cacochimicall.

Next

Next, let your lighter meats, and the subtiler Be fain upon before the gross and viler. Wherefore my Don, not Don Quixot, I mean, (For such provision seldome there was seen) At second course begins, and to be brief, Eats (if he have it) at the last his beef. Take heed, good Simon, how you sup your broth, Much mischief comes through the accustom'd sloth And negligence of Cooks, both he and she, Of all fuch Cooks, cleanly come thou to me: Not fifting Oatmeal, and the ingredients, Which make your Mattin-cawdle liquaments, Is cause, that frequently most durty Atomes In filver Cups go toward the Ladies botomes: 'Now, though that blind men use to swallow flies, 'They would not furely, if they had their eyes. This may be help'd yet, by a wholsome drainer, (If that you think the caution's not the vainer.) To things more pertinent we will proceed, ('Yet a good Poet died by a * Grapes seed) No man will therefore (I do mean that wise is) Contemn us for our mean, but true advises: But as our various dinner is a fault, So is our flay, and long remove o'th' Salt; It is not good (like Dutch) I can't Dutch fpreaken, To sit at Table till our bellies breaken: Feed untill midnight, and charefs all commers. And think all Physick is in crowned Rummers. A dang'rous custome, and doth cause the stivers To march apace into their intrail-drivers. Oh how our Farriers thrive by fitting drenches For many a Hogen Mogen, Men and Wenches! But shall we eat at all? or what? you'l fay Yes, yes, you shall, and shall no longer stay. Since that in Winter 'twas my hap to write. Actuall hot meats are best for th' appetite:

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"An Acreon.

And

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And when the Summers pleasing heat is come, Let affual cold meats be i'th' others room : Think not all bets are of the Pottage-pot, Nor nothing cold but what its dreffing got The night before, but what by nature is, Or hor or cold, are fo with emphasis: Where fore those things, whose quality's so cold, As if made so by snow, from them withhold; Or whose intensive heats (without the fire) Do warm, to eat have not too much desire: Lubrick, that's glibbery, and the meat that's moift And juicy, before drier fare accost; Sweet meats, and samce that's sowr (though an old Saw) Is a good Rule in Avicenna's Law; So mix your cold and hot, your moist and dry; That neither have a grand predominancy: And with these four precautions you may dine, For contraries do their own selves refine: And while they strive each to be Master, The broken Elements are safest posture; So they do rarely temperate become; Such Wars produce a Peace, tis Pipe and Drum; Wherefore let fat and unctious Swines-flesh swimme In sharp and sawces tart up to the brimme: Methinks it is a Dish highly abhorrens To see a Pig bemeast'd all in Currans. D' you ask what place is best to take repast in? (Not such as mine, for that's a place to fast in:) But you that have your residence for food, The coolest place, except the Cellar,'s good; And sometimes I have known that hath been us'd, And for its coolnesse ought not be refus'd: But for its beat, as from a noli me Tangere, flye, for there the Bottles lye: And ever since Erasmus call'd it Hell, You might in one as well as th'other dwell,

[III]

In that with liquid fire they'r hard put to't, In this God Bacchus is drunk up in boot: Certes this custome is in memory, The pretty Bulchins Cradle Was a Thigh. But in the Summer your coole um-brages. And hid Recesses be your Diet-stages. Provided that no intervemient wind Through doores or crevises nor strain'd aire find Accesse unto the place, for tis debated. And found, the worst of air is preco-lated; But chiefly chuse a ventilated place. When that the Sun is in his highest race: For native heat's by that extracted much Just as the fires, if Sun-beams do it touch: But interpose a Screen, or else the Maid Your fire's preserv'd, your stomack by the shade. But if you have no such Sycamor places. Eat at an hour that's cool then (saith my Rass) After meat taken, rest, or sleep, saith he. Sleep not, say some, The Doctors disagree: Revive Mayerne, and he will bid you sleep. ? Old Paddy bid you smoke, your eyes ope keep: I'm for the later Knight, my patron, who Gave me his Colledge, shall give Counsel too.

C

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

Of Meats in generall.

He sirst considerable food is Bread, Which He in Sacred Prayer hallowed, Who in that Prayer nare 30 xnr (which bears Itshigh-sprung Makers name, and to all years, Must stand Matrix of holy Liturgies, And be both Form and Part o'th' Services, Better than all the whole) the platform lead, Of whom to ask, and wherewith to be fed. Our daily bread includes, as in a word, The All-abundance of our fullest board: And he whose belly's full with bread alone, (And bleffing 'fore and after) were't a stone, Shall find a satisfaction in his fare, As great as if h' had din'd with my Lord May'r: There is a tast of his Religion, Who dares not write so large as Dr. Brown. Now to our Phisical design, we treat, Therefore the civiliz'd part o'th' world with Wheat, The Bread compatted, and most stoutly kneaded, Sifted most clean from bran, and as it needed, Salted and leaven'd by your Barm and Quick'ning, And throughly bak'd, will keep you best from sick'ning; Tis light and tart, as your good houswives say, And makes i'th' body a convenient stay: For cleansed from its Bran, which makes it swift Of passage, and is onely good for drift, Or scouring hands or pewter, or the hair, (But for the rich Jessimy Butters rare, And Mr. Cutbeards Powder) it will fix, And till a due egestion moves it, sticks:

And oven-bak'd is best, the hearth is poor, And onely fit for Caledonian Boor; Except their Oat-cakes, nothing doth me please, Nor Solan Geese, Bannock, nor Barnacles: And spungy let it rise by its quick leaven, For bread unleaven'd is not easily driven Out of the stomack, but doth stay too long, And by its pains doth do the belly wrong: It makes obstruction in the Liver, and Who would imagine Bread should turn to Sand? Or to a Stone? its evil quality. Doth slime the reins, and there doth petrifie. The Bread of Barley, the tough plowmans food, Is colder nutriment, and not so good: But those who sweat, and swink, and thwack, like stentors, will digest stones, if on them they adventure; But otherwise that Bread doth little nourish; Tis windy too, and makes the Colick flourish, 'And causeth cold diseases, binds the belly, And lies quiescent like a costive jelly As other grains are in their natures, fo Is the Bread is made of any Dough: Bean-bread is flatulent and course, But good for those have stomacks like a horse; So Turnip-bread, a new and late devise, To fatten Hogs and Horses in a trices; The curse of all Corn-Chandlers, who, by that Project, do keep their grain for the old Rat. Lastly, your Bread, when hot, by no means eat, Nor butter'd loaves, they'r clungy clogging meat, And bung the intrails up, you cannot make A passage, though you down long confects take; Yet'tis Scholars break fast of the Times, Which makes them of such pregnancy in Rimes. Yet if hot loaves you do account so dear, You may for worms apply 'um to your ear-CHAP.

CHAP. VI.

Of Drinks, and first of Wine

WW Hilest I do write thy profits, and the good Thou dost confer (plump Grapes most noble blood) Ineither have nor call for helps from thee, Thou voucht infuser of high Poetry; It is enough for those who write thy praise, Such as my Father Ben, whose head with bayes, Scarce yet inherited, thou justly crown'dst, To be Silenus like, well souc'd and plounc'd In essences of Sack, whence spirits follow, Richer and higher than his own Apollo. Let those thy brave and warm contagions boast, Who do recite to th' profit of their hoast And club-delight, whate're th' hesternall fire, (Not at next meeting quencht) did fore-inspire: A long forgetfulnesse hath seiz'd my soul, Nor have I felt thy flames since Henham Bowl; The cooler Hypocrene is spurn enough, And the cleer liquor headed from the hoof Of the wing'd Courser, serves for such poor stuff, As humbly now comes forth his Muses Cell, Well-halt in Kent, Is surable, and hath its name from Well; * Yet we will yield thee a just Elogie, Far from a strain'd and wrackt Hyperbole, Whereby it shall appear thy fotive fire, Was present in our wish; and full desire We say, and prove, thou art that nutritive That keeps the spirits and the soul alive: And thy known pregnant operations joyns Those cognate paires, as to thine Elmes, are Vines,

descent of the lear-Sir Tho. Moor, L.Ch. of Engl.

Supporting those most rare Auxiliaries (b) By thine allied and subtile offices: So that Dame (c) Psyche doth no servant more (Being absent long) than thine own self deplore : At thy returns (for Queens do love and keep Their State too) though in forrows plunged peep Shee is reviv'd, and her quick actions prove, Her alter'd instruments and her close love.

For thy affinity is such, so like

With naturall heat, that as the flint doth frike

Sparkles and fire, the ready tinder takes The darted Stars, and a glad union makes: So when thy vigorous cherishing gleams Reflect upon our blew and purple streams, They all receive an influence from Thee, And their alliance forthwith gratifie: Then as a loyall kinsman would, thou dost Nourish and heal, and dost expel the frost, Both naturall and Christian away flies, At thy approaches cold, and crudities: And in the Christian Frost thou art as brief, 'Making th' afflicted to forget his grief; The grosser blood thou streight dost clarifie, No Scavenger in all the world like Thee, Who by no tricks of Dung-carts new or old Cleansest the purple * channell when tis foul'd. Then to the common shore of blood thou goest, And all obstruction from the liver throwest; And thy new bush, not broom, sweeps clean, And mundifies the finck of All, the Spleen. What misty vapour, or opacous fume Dare stay, when that thy excellence is come?

As if some unthought Prince had faln from high,

(Lost in opinion, and to th' common eye)

His half incredulous friends, 'twixt joy and fear,

Dare not believe, nor dare not doubt him there;

(b) The Spirite

(c) The Soul

* The Veine

Bus

[16]

But setled in a view instead of Bels 'And Bonesires, the heart flames, the pulse beats peals. So at reception of this Prince of Drinks, The exalted hearrt it self in Paradise thinks, And every member of its warmed Trunk Shoots out, and leaps, though once 'twere sinew-shrunk. Joy is dispers'd, and the relieved soul Doth all her ransom'd Ministers controul; A noble boldnesse doth possesse the mind, To fuffer injuries of any kind, Not to commit the least, and she dares do What in her shrivel'd state she fear'd to shew. Magnanimous indeed, and prone to feek, Adventures, and her self t'express and speak, Not as the over-heated valiant Swine (Pot-pertinacious sometimes, but not Wine.) But these are sober Animosities, Which raise our wisdomes, as our Fantasies, Which coupled friendly in a focial heat, They can the tract of any business beat. Wherefore let Proclamation forthwith be, That every Sex and Age have liberty At any time, to tast this precious juice, Whose vertues are so high, so good his use. And for the Quantum? or how much we may, (Methinks the Vintnes cry, Tel's that I pray, That the last Impost by a general draught May be forgot, and the sunk price out-quast;) And truly, so it will make friends, we may Drink what our natures well can bear away, And the firm habits of unspoiled brains (Some drink not freely, but are in wine-chains) Can gallantly discharge, without a spoil Unto our purse, or to our souls a soil. Now Wine is wondrous like Theriaca, (a) Sostrange his various numerous vertues play;

(a) Treace.

(17)

Cold humours it doth heat, infrigidates hot,
Moistens the dry, and where tough moisture's got,
Extenuates; such Procean qualities
Hath the rare Plant, that smokes before our eyes:
Of both which excellent creatures, Wine and Smoke,
I dare affirm, that were you like to choke
With thirst, the one or tother shall your doughth
Asswage, before the coolest water down your mouth.

Now take what Rasis saith, Wine doth retard Old age, and all its lazy slegmatick guard: Unto the stomack tis the sworn Ephastion,

Corroborates, and ministers digestion.

But after all these Panegyrick shews, There is, beware, a Serpent in the close; I mean not that is drank with Vipers in t, But in every Butt that passeth by the pint.

'If you abuse it to undecencies,.
'And murder it in superfluities,

The vertue's lost, and in the vacant place

'Your own Diseases come, and Wine's disgrace:

The dry'd up Liver, and the trembling Nerves,
Caus'd from the moistned brains, return'd reserves

Contracting Spasma, and cold Apoplexie,

Abused Grapes, conspired friends will vex ye.

D

CHAP.

CHAP. VII. Of Meath or Metheolin.

He Bee, that subril and industrious creature, Of pains incredulous, but little feature, Doth from the profits of his balmy thighs, For lazier men, hive up his sweet supplies: If from the eater honey came, the bee Both emblem is and child of industry. Madam, your self is an nawinged Bee, Disdain not (Lady) this mean simile, When the grand Plato, learned, grave and wife, Describ'd a man by these two differences, Unfeather'd and two-legg'd, so in a mock, They sent him home his own man, a pluckt cock: When that I saw more then Hyblean skill, And Bees to have but one art, you what you will; The Ants and Grashoppers submit to you, And think themselves but drones when you'r in view; Your various artifices your sex disgrace, (Ev'n unto painting skill'd, all but the face) It put me to an Emulation then, (Oh that there were no other strifes 'mongst men) To see a Lady of such diligences, Of more Professions Mistress then of Senses: And I that paid for dearly what they call, Howe're the seven endowments liberall, (But foolish purchaser took but smal ware For money and time, the which was far more rare) Could not for all my seven years penniworth, Shew so good arts as you did then hold forth; Nay I profess it, were experience made, (Excepting in this scribling quibling taade) The

(19)

The exigent put, you would your fortunes carve, In any part o'th' world, tnd I might starve; Nay in my very subject, if you please, You could out-vy me too in recipes, And teach the medling fool to be more quiet. And come to Henham-hall to fludy diet; Where Metheglin ev'ry winter morn, With tost and tankard to our lips are born: For honey is exceeding hot (saith Rasis) And is high food for bodies cold, and places: The pearl o'th' morning genders blood and choler, So one way good, and th' other naught for scholar: But for complexions sanguine, such as mine, It is less wholsom, then a little wine; But to cold persons, and of sinews weak, And flegmatick, and Ladies stomack-sick, It is a high and fure corroborator, As faith our Avacena's commentator: The ways to make it are so many, I Had rather drink a cup of't, then descry.

CHAP. VIII.

Of Ale.

Prom stygian lakes, that's muddy harbours rais'd From common shores and father Ben's adventures, How dar'st thou boiled bog or muzzles enter? But when the keen cheroketh blows sat Bumpkin, Who will resuse to drink thee in a Rumpkin? Enough is written for thee, pro and con, Yet since hops came thy name is almost gon:

D 2

Brit

(20)

But that the Alderman hath cleans'd thy tide, And makes us wish thee yet amongst us Bide. And Huff of famous memory, that Huff, Who to his ale had no fign but his ruff; That, and his ale most smooth, did so well work, The house was full of Christian and of Turk; And in demulting Jubrick mornings drafts, A good estate into old Huff was quaft, What is ale good for? look against his doors, And you shall see them rotted with ale-showrs: It hath this speciall commendation, To cleanse the ureter, and break the Stone: Just as a feather-bed the flint doth break, So th' other stone your North-down-ale alike: Tay mother Barly is an enemy To th' nerves, that makes men stagger after thee, Drunk beyond Huffs demensum, who did stint In's regular ruff, his guells unto a pint. (But at one fession) yet go forth, and face About, and then you might take tother glasse: Windy thou art, whethr in bottles close Corkt up a pris'ner, and as bad let loose; Yet foul and gravell'd reins thou dost make terse, Not made too strong, aud by good store, disperse: 'Tis weight, as much as vertue, does that feat, Tunbridge and Barnet, of opinion great, Are no more foveraign then the wholfom spring, To which fir Thomas gave a covering And bowls in chains, the aged man can tell, When Barnet fails, those waters, sell as well To cousend cirizens, yet we can't deny. Ta many baths specifick quality: But chiefly (as by parentage I'm bound) I like the wells in Wellingborrough-ground; Whose spring's renoun'd for vertue uterine, And still is famous for our pregnant queen.

(21)

But to our ale (and there is humming stuff As good as any tinker did ere cuff.) Those who indulge themselves to too much wines. Allay that heat by thee, and cool their chines: Onely like nirty fack it leaves a tail, And lies in the clung'd throat most roapy ale. But daughter of the tother mother, wheat, And mixt with mint or smallage, thou art neat; And fage or wormwood in a small degree, Do clear thy fog, and grossness clarifie: But now these later knowing dayes have made Thee fit infusion for our physick-trade: The Lettices of ale-compounded shops Are now as numerous as those of hops: There's scarce a street in which our worships go in, But that thy name in some new mode doth crow in; A proper word, since every where they drape on, In live ale or mortified Cock or Capon: The physick of the Spring and Fall is ale, And bags of drugs and Simples by sea sail, As they were returning from the Indies, To be ingredients for this woort so windy: Had Culpeper but strain'd his faculties, And stead of what he did translated this Into some forreign Countrey, and not Tongue, He had the nation been the prime among: But now Riverus and the Staple-book Of Compositions, on him scurv'ly look, For profficuting the art; for no Bawd, Moral or civil, can our Verse applaud; Vehiculum of every drug, I may Call thee most aptly by the name of Dray; Nay to the very arts of Schools thou'rt come, By fad exchange of rods for lotium, And made most swingeing ale for butts, I mean the place ecentra to the guts:

Tradition pleads for thee (for ale is old)
And fince thy fad difuse, the world is bold
To charge the Stone i'th' body, and the Church,
Upon thy vale Doctors make a search,
And try if Heresy, and that sharp pain
From ale's desertion, did not sooting gain.

CHAP. IX.

. Of Beere.

Beer is a hop remov'd from ale, the hop from a damn'd weed is a common crop: 'So things condemn'd and censur'd, are retain'd, Because forbidden, it more credit gain'd: Yer if maturely rotted, where no fault Is in the beer by foul and wively malt, Well kept and lodg'd, and purged by the sea, Or Marches two, it may probatum be: But indigested hops and unboil'd beer Make Doctors Jubile ev'ry year: Some anti-hoppists are for broom, and make The bleffed Carduus, that infusion lake. This last is physick-drink, and your broom-beer Is bitter, and to wood-dry'd malt is near; But gentle Purle is good, and bottled best; And Twistis good, so sings Will Hoopers guest.

CHAP.

CHAP. X.

Of Flesh-meats in generall.

TT is an an axiom in Philosophy, That every like its like is nourisht by: Wherefore confid'ring that we'r flesh and blood, And flesh and blood is our most proper food; But generall rules have their exception, Grammer and Nature in like orders run, For whom all things were made; Man paramount, Lord of the creature, may the creature count, His diet and his staves, he may eat all, Except himself, he is no Caniball: And though unto a proverbit is true, Man is a woolf to man; it should not be so: For the most rav'nous of creatures do forbear, And don't themselves a dire provision tear; That fow's unfed will their dead babies eat, And hounds do make the noble horse their mear, Is not enough to make a prefident, no, But what is alwayes, or plerumque, fo; The princely Eagle, and the Buzzard base, Feed nor on birds when offal's in the place: So at the Samaria's siege, the King did give A sentence for that child that was alive, Not of the dead, for grand necessity, And famine's nurse to Anthropophogie. This dorh not hinder then, but still a Thesis Holds Flesh is food generall, and pleases: Nothing so fattens so corroborates, Nothing the body's life-guard so creares, (The red coat blood, in blew coat veins of State)

(24)

The yellow coat's of cholar, flegmatick, Of white and blak coats that i'th' reer doth slick; Of earthly melancholy, who'd suppose His body did four Regiments inclose? Wherefore the persons that do feed so high, Have often need of good Phlebotomy: For flesh provision of all sorts doth heat, Wherefore in Feavers we prescribe small meat, Or none at all, unless the Patient please, Spight of advice, to feed his own disease; The fleshy substance stripped off't, the fat Doth nourish best, and lesser harms creat: Strengthens the stomack, and doth kindly lie For coction, Suns much supefluity. Hereulean bodies and Pyraemon sides Can digest Garlick, and the Onion fry'd; Butter and bacon may devour and swallow, Yea, and put over too a Beev's whole tallow: Athletick bodies we provide nor for, Nor yet for Wood, nor the sharp Counselor; But sedentary men of little pains Must not with such gross stuff anoynt their veins: A lighter diet, and a modicum, Little and often food their states become.

CHAP.

CHAP. XI.

Of Wood-Animalls.

TOw we are in a Wood, yet no such Wood, As girts your palace, nor the Deer so good; Where in some summer walks with early thought, The velvet drove I to acquaintance brought; As known to them almost as were your keepers, (Scholers and Forresters are little sleepers) I had my walks, my Hamadryades, But his shrill Syrinx did out eccho these Oaten and slender pipes, though not so vocall, Which have their Forrest too, but 'tis not locall : Poets have all things in their fancy, good, So the poetick man is alwaies Wood: And as old writings were on barks of trees, Without a Figure Books are Copices, And such a Rus, and in Feneftra too Is mine, Beasts subject, Trees a Book or two; And I your sable Forrester, yet Iohn a Green In heart, am frequent in my night-walks seen, Where if I like a Fawn o'th' nobler head, With all hast (Madam) to your self 'tis sped. Creatures o'th' Wood are wooden Animals, That is, are dry, compar'd to Beeves of stalls; The houshold creatures, which by ease do fat, And nothing of their flesh evaporate, Yeild a more jucy nutriment, then Deer 21 Cutting half knife in fat, meat for a Peer The active tenants of the inclosed wood, By constant motion cleuse their chased blood, And rarifie their spirits by Levaltos, Like the rare Turk, in all your pleasant Saltan;

Besides their scituation, hot and dry, Doth alwaies much obesity deny. Who ever faw a Spaniard over far? Their Countrey-man (the SUN) prohibits that, Who by extensive hears exhals their moist, Unlesse perchance some Spaniard the Seas crost, And Leiger lay in England, then he might Return a Shew, and the Madrids delight: Of all that wild and noble Caravan, The skipping Kid is soundest meat for man; Who by his frequent exercise doth cure The coldnesse of his temper, and dispures The rincture of his coat and fulsome skin Into Rufillus (a) perfumed sweet-balling. Quick of digestion is this nimble bruit, And passeth Presto, and doth blood recruit: And if the stomack were his park, he playes His usuall tricks, and makes no tedious stayes: Domestick Brutes o'th' Pasture, or o'th' Down, Of other aire, and seldom motion, Are of a nourishing meat, but groffer fare, And threfore harder of digestion are; Mongst which the males have the precedency, Hotter and moister concoct presently, Before their females, of lesse heat and juice, And therefore are not of so prais'd a use: The gelded crew of middle temp rature, Colder then males (whose fire doth yet endure) Yet hotter than their females, (who despise, Since their exection, their shab companies). Do make a middle food; thus Eunuchs may, When they are dead, serve for a wedding-day. But Kid is temperate without the least Mixture of malice, a most innocent beast: The blood which that creates is middle fiz'd,

Neither too große, nor too much subtiliz'd;

(a) A perfumed Roman Courtier.

Neither

(27)

Neither too cold nor hot (a temper nought In our Religion, but in Physick sought)
Food for an errant Knight, or any thing,
Whose body's lightnesse would be on the wing;
For the Repletions are gentile, yet not
So slender, that no nutriment is got:
Whence it appears Kidhath the Ladies love,
'Tis delicate diet, and tis smooth-skinn'd gloves.
But above all the Infant-kids are best,
As we say, taken from the mothers breast,
So full of sappy nutriment, and smart,
That without sawces sweet, alid, and tart,
You may fall on; what would we more than tast,
And good blood breed, when just digestion's past?

CHAP. XII:

Of the flesh of Lambs, Rammes Wethers and Calves.

Of LAMBS.

E Is Lamb a Shynx, not to be understood?

Some Burcher Oadipus with knife drawn out
O'th' scabberd of thy mouth, resolve this doubt,
(As did Macedo to the Gordian Knot)
And in Enigma's dubious leave us not.

For your sake (Madam) who a little claim,
And stand hard for the Hieroglyphick name
Of Spotlesse Innocence even against all
Lambs, but that one, that you your pattern call,

(Slain

(Slain from before all worlds) I shall untack This knot, by th' help of Rabbi Isaak, Not Idumean Isaak, Abrahams son, Who by parentall hand had like t' have gone To sacrifice, but that the Angels grace Dispos'd a bleating Proxie in his place; The heir o'th' flock yean'd on the coldest Lease, Is then worse meat, when nurs'd upon his knees: (Some may obedience from that posture learn, Nothing so dutifull as the yews barn) Yet as if now we were Herodians all, Nothing then Lamb comes oftner to the stall; The flesh is viscous, and ingenders flegme, So 'tis a bad dish, a good Apothegm: Yet when in flesh a fair foundation's laid, And on a dish or two invasion's made, Then from your Lambkin (Madam) ne're withhold, But let it have its course, be't hot or cold: In hotter Countreys, such as Spain, the Lamb Gets hotter temper from his curled Dam.

DHAP, XIII.

Of Rammes.

His goodly buffle-head with winding horns, Though he looks scurry, and th' whole flock scorns, Yet is the groffest meat, this surly fir Is good, if he exceed not his first year; If well digested, it doth generate Good blood, and much; but if it had the fate (a) Cutters of To fall i'th' hands of curst Armenian Libbers, (a) After exection he is much the glibber,

Lambs.

And

And though he be a lost Ramme, as we say, To th' Yews, he's good howe're the other way; His flesh is temper'd by his depriv'd fire, And having lost his own, gets our desire: It hath a winning and delicious guft, Though Father Galen, whom we credit must, · Condemnes all Mutton, but he wrote in Townes Where little was, and ne're saw Cotsall Downs, Nor this same land of Sheep, whose noble wooll Clothes the Muscovian, and the great Mogull; The English Fleece doth proudly passe the gulph, And fears no hazard but its native Wolf; How many Nations Fleets empty the fraughts, And do return this Fleeces Argonauts? Then for the Back it's good, and in keen hunger, Were Galen here he'd be a Mutton-monger: But Ramme from Wether-mutton you may know, That's yellow, this (a) no cause hath to be so,

(a) Because an Eunuch

CHAP. XIV.

Of Calves.

Cor when a Bull, why not as well of Iove?)

A Calfe, faith Averages, is brave food,
Of temperate blood, not viscous, cold, but good,
And hath a flavour and odorous gust,
And therefore before Kid, his praise is just:
For though the Kid we did extoll but now,
'Twas mongst his Montaneirs, so we allow:
But for Calves fragrancies, we'r none of those,
That for our dier will be led by th' nose,

(30)

Although it is confess'd by all (for sooth) The Calves head's ne're without its own sweet tooth; To make no long taile of it then, it breeds Humours most fine, and therefore cleanlier feeds. But flesh of Bulls and Oxen, those Calse's fire, These Uncles (better by their losse of fire) Breed black, and much, and melancholy blood, Our veins of blew are made a fable flood; And as alive we Bulls do stiff-necks call, So are they too Knock-downed in the stall: 'Tis a most rebellious nutriment, dead, And lies i'th' stomack heavy, as is lead: It's flowly alter'd, turns to chyle as flow, As flow dissolv'd does to the members go: It wants a goad when it is drove alive, A Clarret goad may't through the stomack drive; The lazy Surloin, glory of the roaft, And Knighted, and yet was never Knight o'th' Post; (a) Alderman Unlesse when thou (brave (a) Sheriff) dost refine Robinson, coss. His duller blood with thy for bon French Wine: If by complexion men adust (that's sad) Or splenatick, do like this beveridge bad. Ware Quartan Agues, Dropsies, and the Itch, The Leprose, or Tetter, chuse you which, Dandry and surfie heads, this blood o'th' Ox Bestowes all these, and yet the Butcher knocks: Wherefore most wisely have our Masters stated,

That Bulls, before they die, shall all be baited.

Of the Flesh of Swine, Deer, Hares and Bears.

First, of Swine.

Y Father (a) Ben, discoursing of this Grunter, In that so famous Play, where old Sir Punter Being turn'd Oxlando for the losse of 's dog, Did lug the jeering buffon like a hog: There in that celebrated Comedy, (Whether my Father Ben, as well as I, Met with Arabian Comments) the smart Play Doth patly what my ancient Authors say: There's wit to th' height, read it, and try our Dogma, Whether from both the places we a Hog may Not all alike commend; first Avicen Sayes, Pork's most naturall to men, so Ben; Hogs flesh is likest mans, saith Isaak; The same again saith Ben, but adds, that Sack, A Hogshead full, for a vehiculum, Will spoile its grumbling in our medium, (Or middle Region of our Trank) for Swine, Alive or dead, will be fill laid with Wine. Indeed my Father Ben doth there produce A reason why they were denied the Jews; Because that Nutrimentall Animall Of a provoking sap, and Hogon all, Would have disorder'd and o're-pamper'd those Who newly come from Egypts hard dispose: Rebels in rough Mosaick Discipline, How much more Rebels, had they eaten Swine? Which makes me think the Caledonians, Alike in Sins, alike in Onions,

Are of affinity with the old Jews. Both for Rebellion, both do Pork refuse. Now of this Animall there are two forts,

The one domestick, tother extra Ports, (That wild and forreign) whose food is such As the Wood yields, when winds do luft'ly touch, And flaile the Oaks and Chesnuts, and the berries,

(a) Hyps and Which Nature for the birds meant winter cherries. (a) But oh the flesh of choice-fed houshold swine! Hawes.

Music.Laure.

And of the quarters, the renoun'd sold chine! (b) Dr. willon Eaten, or fung, or plaid by Wilson, (b) fure For old Sir Mammon it were yet a lure Sufficient to leave Doll, and for a bone, To passe his part o'th' Philosophers Stone; Hampshire is rare for reering such, and may Contend almost with black Westphalia; The moister feeding is the home-fed swine; Hotter and dryer is Som Peregrine: See the attendancy of Suffolk Pigs, Fed by the hoopt-coat merry milking grigs, Clenfed with whey, and fatted with the fame, Or Snailes, or good Vine leaves (which Pidgeons blame) Or else the Turnep; oh the Turnep-fed Swine! may chance fave us, Turneps being dead, With grains, these Girles and such Hog-provender, Will you a Porker of that fulnesse reer, dilling That Circes brood, and all her chang'd Elpe-nors Cann't parallel for meat nor for demeanour: Such dieted swine are gold and moift, a rare Temper, and to the gust most relishing are; But quite another thing, when dry'd by falt, It is exuct, and laid up mongst the malt: Now in hot Countreys, where our Commentator Liv'd they prescrib'd the extremities o'th' creature,

(c) Totas ponit The luggs, the leggs, the sourced feet and snout, Apros Fur. I'm for the Roman way, dish it whole (c) out; 33)

Or as I've feen it rarely rais'd and drawn By Henham cook, up to a tun of Brawn, Where wicked mostard, yet good Tenxberry, Hath made the eater, not the brawner, cry; Then from the tun too, or the three tuns came A Ganymed with Sark, and warm'd the game, That the old Matton that did mumbling feed Before, did after swallow't with less heed: The infant, on the sucking baby dies and week About this season, a large tactifice: The wayes are throng'd blockt up with bellies big, (And bellies would be so) for crackled pig; St. Bartholmen the great, and Bat the little, Afford not room enough, but the Hospitall Is press'd into, wherein whosoever looks, Shall see all dreffing on, chirgians and cooks: Well fare you fisters of my native soil, Eat pig and multiply, recruit your oyl Wirh unctious dier, it breeds noble chyme, Call for the other half, and by that time Your men will come with the reck ning, for You may from Pig unto the Propers go: And then to Islington, and so about. Untill what's pigged in be pigged out.

CHAP. XVI,

Of the flesh of Deer.

CUppose us (Madam) in your park, where Deer Are kept for every season of the year :-Do any ask how they'r at fuch command? Then know my Lady hath Orphæan handa If He wild healts by courtly musick tam'd, You may do more, unlesse the benits be maim'd, And cannot come; for otherwise your Broke Upon the Lute will spiritize an oak, one of And make the Park to dance, and humbly follow-Thee as the mistress of the skill'd Apollo; Thy late erected House and Garden pales, Rose by thy hand (just as did Theban walls;) Thy nimble fingers do fo ftir the Lute, (Like Davids Harp) they may a Devil confute: Brave Gunning, by his learned arts and tongue, Gains not so much upon th' Anabaptist throng, Then you upon these cognate droves, who stand and listen (they love musick) to your hand.

I could into a wood of lawfull praises launch,
And praise the creature fully, side and haunch:
But Rabbi Isaak saith their sless is hard,
(Not to be got) at Henham none's debarr'd:
Thy Husband's old Canary, and fat Buck,
With dogs run down, or else with arrowes stuck;
Yet they are melancholy diet, but
They all are so, which are much given to rut:
The Fawns are wholsome, and the heirs digest
Better then sire, or mother of the beast:
The youthfull sland is very not and dry,
When old, like other things, their worst is nigh:

The

(35)

The Eunuch Deer is remperate, and most Pleasurable when irs pleasure's lost: Troch upon troch, troch troch a reverend Stage, He doth of age and red-Deer-pasty bragg; And though it's dry, yet let the Venison passe, His own far supples it, and tother glass; It is of quick descension, and the marrow Slides through the body from the Gutturall narrow: And learned Avicendoth say for certain, That thence are procreated many a Quartane: Causes of Quartanes we have many sure, Oh for an Avicen could tell's the cure! Now for conclution, this beaft for game And entertainment, hath with us the name: Know then, the body is a joviall meat, who was Fit for Squire Rous, yea for a Prince to eat; Its upper part is Antidote but oh, There's porson lies i'th' taile (the part below:) Emblem of humane Chance! in this sad veile Nothing's thorough bleft from head to taile. read the second of the second

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THe Rabbins say, the Lion sneezing, out Started a Cat from his Majestick snout, Without the Pythagorean motion rare, The Cat then incezing started out a Hare; For there is nothing among creatures that (But Hare) is melantholy as a cat; And we do call them Puffes both; one purres Onely, and both are vengeance fraid of curres. Hare is good sport, as all our Gentry know, The onely Recreation left us now; For Playes are down, unless the puppet-play, Sir William's loft, both Oyle and Opera; The noble Cock-fight done, the harmless bears Are more then ring'd by th' nose or by the ears: We are serious people grown, and full of cares, As melancholy as cats, as glumm as hares. Yet though it generate the groffest blood, Then Goats and Ramms, these are more praised food. Oh for the pretry sucking Leverer, (An excellent dish if that I could it get;) Not yet so dry are Conies in degree, Moist are the breed of Aubern Conigree; Laden with kidneys whire, what can you lack, Except a glass of Squire Rond Ogburn Sack?

CHAP. XVIII.

Of Beares.

Ell me you traders for the Greenland wares, (For you know best) what diet are the Bears? Not onely the left shoulder, I believe, But the whole Bear is Ven'son, Sheep and Beeve; It viscous is, and disobedienr, And a most indigestive nutriment; More fir, faith Rabbi Isaak, for cures And medicines, thin for hongry stomack-lures, Unless a drunken Tinker, metall'd man, (Who his teeth of t of's budget strengthen can) Should fall to tooth and nail, in's pot he spares Norhing that's next, then away with your beares : Yet in high Russia, and i'th land o Whales, Bears may be dress'd, if ye catch 'uniby th' tails; And so are Apes, that inortogious lump, Or any thing, indeed that wants arring. Those men, who, thips departed, staid behind, (For no mans sake will water stay, and wind) Can give us best account of this rough beast, Whose sad society, most unwelcome guest, Was very uncouth and fuspicions when *Twas doubtfull which was means or the men a: Those Greenlanders, hutched no in frosty Cabbins, Shall be our Elians on the Rabbins; If like to Comes Bears will far, Iknow, Those must be faufen hears that live in snow: Our Paris-garden bears, had they not dy'd, Might have been eat, but for Sir Thomas Pride

Chap.

CHAP. XIX.

Of the members and parts of Creatures.

THe Heads of Creatures, Countenance, or Faces, As Swines and Oxen are groffe meat, faith Rasis, They'r hot and nourish much, not a good fare, Unlesse when Titan's farthest from the Bear; In winter deep, when you may freely frolick In cheeks and heads, but that they breed the Cholick: The Brain of temper cold doth nausear, And is offensive to the stomack: what? May we not eat them? yes, if you are Of constitution hot; the brain is rare, Eat it the first, and before other dishes, But cold complexions, and a-kinto fishes, Or whose distemperature atise from cold, With this Meninger guest be not too bold: The Marrow is of temper cold, but not So cold as thar, though thence its rife is got. Hot, and by cold (if in our art there be Any such Point found out, unlesse by me) Good for Sir Epicures, and men o'th' chine, Who facrifice to Venus, both in Wine And Ceres, and a grand Provision make To gratifie the flesh, and Canons take, And in a Meal of Marrow hones advance As great a shew as so much great Ordnance; But not so great a noise, when these Guns play, The sulpher's white, and won't it self betray, This Sporm-ingenderer is good for such Who Paul's Arich Canons do not trouble much,

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(39)The springy Udder and the unctious Papps (The fullome diet of Sir Mammon's chapps) Do nourish most exceedingly, yet slow, And in a gentle pace to chile do go: Those who have stomacks hot, and livers like, May their flesh-hook into th' judder strike. Livers of Bealts are not and moist, and breed Much blood (they are congealed blood indeed) But hard and heavy: that of Lamb or Calf, Or of the sucking Pig, is diet safe: But Isaak saith that liver doth prefer, Of the sweet Mistresse of sir Chanticler: The same Arabian discommends the heart, A folid, but an indigefile part: But when digested, it dorn breed good blood, And nourisherh as well as any food. Why not as well as liver? this we call Font of venal blood, that arterial. The lights and lungs are of a substance rare, And light, and therefore soon digested are; So foon they passe, and from the stomack go, (Our bellows call'd, but yet not windy though) Dress'd with appertenances of the Sows bearn, They'r too opiparous for Country Kern. The reigns are for two reasons not approv'd, First they'r grosse and hard, not eas'ly mov'd Our of the caldron natural; but when (That pot hath master athem) they'r nought then: And 'cause the serous part of urine rakes His tincture from the reigns, them all forfake. The flesh of creatures, more especial that Which is of fatter cattel (not the fat) Is excellent, breeds sperm and noble blood,

And in this nation is too general food: The fat is loathsome, and as oily grease Is the most moist of all, it doth increase

Cold

(40)

Cold and moist humours, and such feeders be Full of ungovern'd superfluiry: But interlined flesh, as I may say, Some lean, some fat, carries the praise away, And breeds most temperate blood and spermalike; Hence is our Nation ruddier, and the Pike Of English warfarre moves the Curtesan, That she cries out, Ohmy brave English man! The Feet do generate a viscous blood, And therefore to the Stone inclin'd, not good: The Rump of creatures then th' inceriour parts Hotter and lighter are, for the kind darts Of Scretums warm inhabiters (of heat 'A second forge) th' adjacent parts do beat And simplate, and warms that utmost bie, There's something got by good neighour-hood yet: The nearer then the Testicles more hot, The farther off by scituation naught: We will not in our Rules a Proverb cross Th' extremities are alwaies at a loss.

CHAP.

CHAP. XX.

of Bake-meats.

B Ake-meats are generally naught, and Pie Is disapprov'd, though Alholland-day be nigh: We write not unto children, whose spoil'd gumms, (Whate're the Coral gain'd) confesse that Plummes And o're-warm'd Custard have edentifi'd, (That is, made toothless) many a simpring Bride: Who for this very reason, all their life, Are feign to laugh behind a handkercheif: So have I seen a toothless Bride-groom sit Hungry at's wedding, nor could chew a bit, which we Untill the spoon-meat came, then his throat strain So wide, you might have seen his heart again: Wherefore forbear them, Rabbi Rasis saith, But against Pie-meat there is little faith: To bodies troubled with an acid mind And eruttations sower, bake-meats are kind; They doe eventilate and lay that Flatus, Which smels so mawkish from its foul Hiatus; For little nourishment they yield, but those Whose spungie bodies slimy flegm o're-flowes, Or do desire to be gentile, that's gaunt and fine, May ear this drying diet (none of mine.) Roast-meat, which long-back'd curres do spin on spits, Are far more nutritive, though they'r gross bits, And not digested, but by stomack's dint, And when the ventricle hath vigour in't; It binds the belly, yet there's help for that, If you do ear good store of the roast far: But fless with generous eggs and pepper drest, Of any bake-mear is accounted best.

Oh

Oh for a Pie-meat, be't at any rate; Rais'd by thy hand and art (dear Oxford Kate) The wisdome of thy Cookery doth raise Unto thy self, and Dishes lofty praise: Thy meats are a brave winter food, and when I do indulge my genius like those men, Thy gallant guests, a stately Pie of thine; Shall fit us for the pretty friend of Wine, And Mother of Proserpina: all this (Kate) at the length will bring us unto Dis. Bake-meats corroborate and nourish more Then any diet we have nam'd before: But in the summer (Kate) we will forbear, They are too hot for us in fultry air, And breed the Stone, a thing (sweet Cate) which I Nor you would see, to find one petrifie. And though thy praises I do gladly vent, I would be loath to be thy Monument.

500

CHAP.

CHAP. XXI.

of Birds in generall.

H' Arabian Isaak dictateth, that Fowl L Compar'd with walking creatures, are the Soul, They but the Body of meat; they'r light and fine, And do the feeder to quick works incline; As if their feathers still were on, they spring Thorough the quarters, and are all o'th' wing: Rare and aeriall, yet the nourishment Is small, and less then walking Fowl or Pent: Yet our Silvestrian, then Domestick bird; Is tenderer, as once before y' have heard, And of digestion facile, the reason Is, their assiduous labour and dry season. If Dadalus with any wings of wax, Could a made it flie, how light had been an Ox? Which now must be most heavy, gross and dull, Though it were dress'd in Phalaris his Bull, As I may guesse by Milo, who in sweat Of's brows did find an Ox was heavy meat: But these high flyers rare, 'cause they do move Often, and the dry aire to traverse love; But the Domestick, that lesse plye the oare Of feather'd pinions, succulent, are more, And generate a noble blood, being moist Of temper, nor with aery swimming tost: Of all the Birds that skirre the liquid aire, Our Aurhor saith the * Starling is most rare; (A most rare Singer if his tongue be slit, Confes'd)but not with us a dainty bit: Yet if you bring it to an English Cook Uncas'd, he'll make him tast like any Rook:

* Sturnus's x- , teris volatilibus Jubtilior.

The

(44)

The masculine bearns of Partridges are neat, The mother's Hen and Pheasant, Lady-meat; The Cockrels of all birds are lightest food, And breed the laudablest and wholsom'st blood, Strengthens the appetite, their gendring fire Fitting them both for diet and desire: But yet th' Arabian Doctor Avicen, Preferres before all these the creaking Hen, And faith that Hen-broth is a remedy Probatum against scurfie Leprosie: Besides, who'd think the semale had such praise, Since females are the worfer many wayes? The brains, saith he, of Hens increaseth wit, Augments its namesakes substance; there is it; For those who are fantastick, idle, vain, As if their food were so, we call Cock-brain.

CHAP. XXII.

of Hens.

Doth pull our Hen, and won't allow the crack,
But justifies the Chick against the Damme,
(A Physicall, not Divine Axiom)
And in comparisons not odious,
Bids us the Chick before the Mother chuse,
As being the tougher nourishment, enough,
But for my meal give me a Hen tooth-proof,
Not tough as buff, nor yet as whit-leather,
But often humbled by Sir Chanticler:
Then full of Embrion chick, let her appear
In Claret-sawce throughout all Janivere.

But for the limber thighs of infant-fowl,
Which you may draw like Peascods through your jowle,
Unlesse in acute Feavers, let them eat,
Whose teeth dare not incounter tougher meat.
Next unto these the slesh of Quailes is thought
Exceeding good, especially few-bought,
(That's at the price they were i'th' Wildernesse)
But to eat them now in London-dresse,
Or Partridge-chicken (which is grosser food,
Costive, but nourishing) though the meat's good.
I shall not venture, and I know the cause,

CHAP. XXIII.

Because it did rain Quails, but never sawce.

Of Pidgeons, their young ones, and Ducks.

THe infant-Pidgeon, and the sucking Dove, Emblem of Innocence, of Lust, of Love, Are a most high and filling diet, hot And inflaming, thence are Feavers got: Ware Pidgeon therefore, till his early flight Hath purg'd his heavinesse, and made it light; To these invite your flegmaticks, a scholar, Men sedentary, but not a man of choler. Ducks of aquatick fowl are far the worst, Whether Fen-fed, or in your own moats nurst; Hot is their blood, and of a Saturn die, Gives nauseas and superfluity, Yet nourishing enough, if it were good, (He don't prescribe a copious, but sound food;) Of all the fowl which on the lakes do wander, From the wild Duck unto the Goofe and Gander, There's There's none but are repletive, if it smel!
Amisse 'tis naught, though 'twere a Barracle's
This hinders not the profits of the Coy,
The smell of gain is sweet, Bon par ma foy.

CHAP. XXIV.

Of the parts of Fowl.

He bellies of all Fowl, brawny and tough, Are of digestion long, and hard enough; But master'd by the culinary fire, They'r as good nutriment as you desire. The wings of Geefe in moulinesse do abound, And so in Hens is the like juicenesse found; Their constant motion makes them simply good, An excellent and inoffensive food. But oh the liver of the stubble Goose! Set it before the groffe Vitellins, Or Otho either, and this Emperour Shall leave his glasse for it, 'tother his whore. Wisdome of Cooks! oh arts of cramming Geese! When Kitchin Machiavilian policies Shall so contrive, that the attractive Liver Shall starve all members to augment the liver, And by devices Hyperphysicall, Translate the Rickets from the head to th' caul. Wonder in Caponry & but they grow plump 'And fat, by stitching up the merry rump. Same 250 The necks of Geese and Hens, which we do cast To th' dunghill, are an excellent repair; Arabick dainties bought up by us of late, By one, who on all City Feafts do wait,

The Factor of our Poultery gubbins, that He may feed high his rare musk-making Cat. The mings of flying creatures do excell The leggs of walking, motion doth expell. Superfluous humours : so Fowl cramm'd and pent, Though they be far, are not good nourishment: I do abominate the City-glutton, Fat Capon-fed, and shoulder of Mutton: If that must be th'entertainment and the cheer, Give me the barn-fed bird and mountaneer. The Eunuchs of all Fowl are best, and so prevail With us, they are no longer meat but Ale: Cock is an English malt, and we drink Fowl, What once was dished is now swigg'd up i'th' bowl, So that we do not now those gluttons think, Who Capons eat, but those who Capons drink: Cock-broth, the Ladies sure confortive Is gone, for China Ale doth keep alive; Who can defire more? Physitians unde Is this rare cure from Munday * untill Sunday. The brains of Fowl, less viscous and less dry, Are better then of walking Poultery, Who are of temper ex opposito, (That's clean contrary, if you do not know.) The brains of infant-Starling, Partridge, Pheafant, And Cocks and Hens (Sir Mammon judge) is pleasant.

* At Templebar, who fels China-Ale.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXV.

Of Eggs and their proprieties.

S at Creation, so our book proceeds, Hens before Eggs, perfection's in the deeds Of the best best Opisicer; he made Nothing potentiall, perfect 'twas when said, That Protoplastes the first species fram'd Entire, nothing was impotent or maim'd In its own essence, then he vertues gave, Prolifick and conservative, to save And propagate, which hid in seminall power, Traduces the first work unto this hour; The parent, not the chick, oviparous, The mothers labour hatch'd in feather'd house Of her own body, yet 't doth safer dwell, And hath a cottage of its own, a shell: Our subject is this Embrion in's cradle, Both possible to live and to be adle, Or damn'd to be devour'd before a tast Of life, and into various coquery cast;

(a) D. Harvey's Bred of (a) contagion of Sir Chanticlere, opinion. Upon the bag prolifick, the cafe cleer,

And setled now in plain Anatomy,

A spiritiz'd flavour gets, and egge, and me,
So that the cock-tread and the grosser sperm

(Which our old Philosophy affirm

Did generation raise) are onely here
The conduct and the warm conveyancer
Of this brave Mansager

Of this brave Monsieur, and Grand Signiour spright, Whose warm Afflation does the work o'th' night: This Egge I set before you, (Madam) sloth

Makes this poor Book Trencher and Table-sloth,

(49)

And though but small, yet a most dainty bit, Of such vicinity with humane blood, It strait incorporates, and is quick food; Especially the * golden part, the * Argent is Frigid and viscous, of Activities Unequal much; so that in this white shell, The Sun and Moon may be affirm'd to dwell: The yolk's spermatick, like the gendring Sun, The Eggs in watery efficacies run.

* Yolk, and White.

The Eggs of Hens and Partridges incite, And those of Ducks are servient to delight (Though fouler nourishment.) The lay of Geese, Of odour bad, doth loathsomness increase, Yet are provocative; of Turkeys more, Although the waddling treader's long, before He act (the fumbler of the Fowls) but mounted, This Gobbling Gamester is a * Signiour counted. But hear what Rasis saith, and Avicen, Most temperate the lay's of the press'd Hen, And Partridges, so little losse i'th' food, That weight for weight, the yolks convert to blood: Boyl'd rarely, they digest apace: but hard, They do digestion and themselves retard: Taine when the cackling Hen Alarum gives Of her delivery, Restoratives: Immixt with Honey good for throats are fore: And in Consumption; we their aid implore: No flesh so nourishing and temperate: Let those forbear them who are over far: Butter'd with Ambergriss a lusty mear, Vitellius (le grosse) did often eat; A Prince of a short reign, which amply shows, Gluttons no fighters are, but for night blows.

* The great

H

CHAP

CHAP. XXVI.

of MILK.

Insman to blood, but twice remov'd, in Breasts Of Women pregnant, in Udders of Beafts Elaborated, and the tincture white, In Venis Latteis, (unknown to fight, Unless upon diffection) is made, Which is this luke-warm Candidates parade. It is of equal temper with our blood, And having been so once, most proper Food: Not dreadful when a Read-coat, and a friend, When White-coat to our Ages * either end, Its temper doth incline to moist and cold, It wets, and fats: Those whom long Hellicks hold, Or the dry Cough, or Urine sharpness pricks, And those of Constitutions dry as sticks, It benefits, and brings to temper just, It foments blood, and the white stream of Lust: 'Tis of concoction quick, and gets the dye (Whether the Liver or Veins sanguisse, Or both, it matters not) which once it had, White into red is no conversion bad. Wherefore we fay, in Feavers, are acute, In pains oth' head, in Dropfies, and Scorbute, And other cold Diseases, Milk forbear, Though Io were the Cow, (and she was rare) Of all that spend the Teat, the Milk of Cows Is groffest, and most nourishment allows. Who do defire Matho's bulk (to fill A Coach alone) let him the Milk-pail swill. Yet I have heard a Matho of our own (By's furcingle of Sheeps-heads quickly known)

* Infancy
and old
Age.

infuncy and audi (51)

So huge a quantity of Milk aid drink (A Horse of water could not more I think) Yet never was the fatter, nor would be If he had eaten Cow, Milk-maid, and me. Such Guts should be their mutual punishment, And Marriot should have eaten Wood of Kent. The Milk of Asses Avicen advises, To give to all who labour of a Phthisis, Or have bad Lungs. The Milk of Goats partakes Of either temper, and a medium makes: Such wonders are rehears'd of Goats, that if You hear 'um you will hardly give belief; The very hearbs they feed on turns to physick; Give them specificks for the Cough or Ptisick, The infusion is their Milk, and it retains The vertue sans Apothecaries pains, A living rare Pharmacopæia, and Not yet translated by Culpepper's hand.

The Milk of Sheep is worst, very unsound, And doth with fur erfluities abound. Milk boyl'd with Rice, or the like grain (and free From its infigidating quality) Breeds wholesome blood, moistens belly and brest, And to the bladder is a welcome guest. And Butter nilk in Fluxes, and so Whey Is excellent for Lastium termina, If in them you throw in burnt gad of steel, You need no other Med'cine, they it heal. Against diseases of the yellow Bile. Nothing so soveraign, nothing so * vile. Distempers of much Bacchus, and the Itch, And yellow jaundice, Faces call'd the rich, Are cur'd by these, and Butter that's unsalt, By Fricacy doth remedy the fault

* Cheap.

(52)

Of filthy morphy'd skins: Butter next grace. Is eaten first, eaten in the last place. Then let not Hogens Mogens only sing, Bouter, Bouter is good for any thing.

Of CHEESE.

LL Cheese is naught, saith the Salernitan, The Fresh is cold and grosse, yet if a man Be not of constitution cold, 'tis good, sall at A tolerable, but not commended food. Old Cheese (as is its Age) is worse, or better The tarter fort is hot, and burnes, a getter Of extreme thirst, cals for the other Can, Be it Holland, Chedder, or Parmizan. Yet after meales a slender quantity Corroborates the stomacks mouth, and by The sharpness of the Rennet doth remove All Naufea from them, who sweet meets love. But scrap'd, as Dr. Buttler order'd Cheese, (Who then a Buttler more can palat-please?) Tis excellent against most Surfeits, saving No Sugar spoil the Cambro-britan shaving. Ha, ha, Caus Day! yet our Arabians hold, No Cheese is safe, whether it be new or old: It loads the stomack's of digestion flow, And if the Collick or the Stone you know, Eat, and be fick, then leave't, if not too late, Or if you'l eat, eat but a penny weight.

CHAP. XXVIII.

of FISHES.

Ishes are like their Element, and place Wherein they live, both cold and moist, a race Of flegmatick Creatures, yet they are meat Which dry, and cholerick tempers may well eat; And those who would look smug, or else snout-fair, May take this liver-cooling dish for fare. In fervid seasons, and in Climates hor Use them: But if the Beare the helm hath got, Or under Charles his seven-statt'd heavy Wane, From this dull nourishment let them refraine? And pituitous bodies must forbear, Unless they like the Dropsie in the Reer. The Sea-fish, and of those, they in Rocks dwell Are finer, and in temperament excell, Digest more easie, and breed better blood Then the loose fry, that shoal it in the Flood: Yet in the stomack and the entrails they (Being little viscous) make too long a stay. Sweet River-fishes slimy, and grosse diet, Are glibbery, and make egression quiet, More nourishing then Sea-fish, and of these, Those (which the current streams and gravel please, And do abhorre annoyances of finks, Which spoil their channels with their loathsome Rinks) Are most delicious, such as Pearch and Trout; Your Mud-fish all incline you to the Gout. But those delighting in sweet scowres refine Their squamy sides, and clarifie their line. The Fish of Lakes, and Motes, and stagnant ponds (Remote from Sea, or where no Spring commands,

And

(54) And intermingling its refreshing waves Is Tench unto the Mote, and Tenches saves, And keeps them medical) are of all forts Lesse innocent, unless some River courts The fullen Nym, b, and blending waters she Of a foul Mopsa's made Leucothoe. Her inmates otherwise, like her self, smell, Tast of the Harbour (that is) scent not well; Slow to digest: alive, they liv'd too close, And dead they can't their native dulness lose. * Alâ Remi- Give me a Salmon, who with * winged Fins 'Gainst tide and stream firks o're the fishing-ging Of locks and Hives, and circling in a gyre His vaulting cor, s, he leaps the baffled wyre. Let Fish have room enough and their full play, No liquor want, not on a Fish-street day. But they are all meat indigestible, Creating thirst, and spawn diseases well. Take the lesse viscous, gracile, cleanly swimmer, Smelling like Smelts, whose watry hutts are trimmer, Then those of Pools and Ponds, or where on weed, Or nasty Alga, and base hearbs they feed.

gil.

Salt Fish, Can you with patience, Brethren all, Heare it, of Saliers and Fishmongers Hall? Salt Fish is never good, but on a day When you a vomit take, and't may not stay: Charge upon charge, ten shillings cost to dine, And half a Crown in Crocus and Squills Wine, To cast it up again? whose will adore My Arabian Dollars, or Sir Theodore: Vomits nor lead I like, the pendent bullet Shill never be the sweeper of my Gullet. What I do eat, I do intend to keep, By exercise digest, and little sleep. (55)

But feed not like Sir Theodore for fear Vomit nor bullet your o're-charg'd stomack clear.

The Barrel Codd, and courtly Pole of Ling, Butter and Oyl marching in either wing, And Rope-Canary on the Van and Reer, Or Graves, or Bourdeaux in a glass for Beer Bring on a Friday, storm Arabians then,

* Cloudsly and * Ruckly are the better men.

The River Shell-fish, and lesse Lobster-coats, Crayfish and Crabbs that swim, as those in boats Do row, are in a *Pthisis* singular Boyled in milk oth' Beast of the long ear, And for Consumptive persons made a *Calo*, As much as * *Colchis* high fetch'd hearbs prevaile. You have the Fish, pray fall on if you will, Madam, the sauce shall not besowre the Bill.

* Mr. of the Swan Fishstreet. * My confiding Fishmonger.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXIX.

of PULSE or GRAIN.

TEtake our rise from Rice, which we find dry, Ith' fourth, and moderate hot ith' first degree: Boyl'd in fair water 'gain't the Collick good, They call (the Windy) but a noble food Boyl'd in the milk of Almonds, which doth lose Its stiptick quality, then Ladyes don't refuse; The Caudle-cup, they bravely nourish, Causing the blood, and seminal vertue flourish. If that their Ladilhips will make a wash Against the Morphies, Ricie flower pash In fountain water, and this cleanfing grain Shall clarifie the skin, and null the stain. But you must strip it from its husk, its Rind Is venemous; and sleept in any wine, Or water, pain ith' mouth it doth create, Saith Avicen, and will imposshumate.

Beans are of double fort, or dry, or green,
Those for your Boar, these for your Boores for-ben;
The green ith first degree are moilt and cold;
But cold and dry, in the same height the old;
Bad hourishment and filthy humors breed,
To a proverb flative, Ladies, take heed,
Beyond th' excuse oth' Puppy they exceed:
Creates by vapours on the injur'd brain;
Malignant dreams, and our chast rest profane.
The great white Bean in his minority,
Boyl'd in successive waters, happily

(57)

May be permitted, loose their Windiness If boyld with Mint or Comine, you them dress Both Flegmetick and Windy meat within But the Bean-floor is excellent for the skin. "Yet spight of Doctors, and when all is done We will make bold with Pulse at Thorington, And this stern Doctrine against Beans shall no re "Be held, nor gain repute in Leicestershire, Nor yet in Somerset, where Odcombe, bred Famous Fom Coriat, Pudding and Bean fed. Lentils faith Rasis are both cold and dry, Of temper middle others, so let't be Bread, melancholy blood, lick up the juice Offucculent bodies; spoil the visive use By drying qualities, for Corpulent, And persons flegmatick a cure present, Us'd oft faith Isaac, fill with fumes the Brains, And cause amazing dreams, and capital pains. Ciches are of two forts, one black, one white, The white is hot i'th' first degree, thats right, And moist i'th' middle site, hard to digest Caufing inflamation in the puffed breaft. Dilate the skin, as twere upon the wrack Eat (horses) then, untill your bellies crack, And look most fair, and plump and round Fillet and Cascoines will lite, and sound, The black Ciche is more hot, of moysture less Against obstructions of the Spieen redress And liver opilations, boyled, best, In horse reddish, it raiseth milk supprest; Urine provoks, and the Spermatick vein, A great increase by this stout Pulse doth gain: Wherefore to Stallions tis a generous food, And makes them active for that noble brood. Peases (saith Arnoldus) are not much unlike, Wherefore some eat them, bravely by the Strike.

Then

(58)

Then Beans less mindy, nor so smoothly pass.
The ventricle, lookin the Herbal glass.
Gerards, and Johnsons mirror, and their Pease.
Will every longing eye that sees them please.
I have a friend that loves them, had a Tutor.
Would eat three mess without a coadjutor.
Obedience the efore and affection move.
Not to dispraise, what two such wise men love.

CHAP. XXX.

Of Herbs and Plants.

Help Pauls-chnrch-yard our Physick garden now,

(And let Tredeskin no more simples shew.)

Where simpling Girles, and simpler Women stand

To sell the gathered Herbage of the Land.

Medea when she took her slight ith air

Cull d not so great ingredients, nor so rare.

Hither Apothecaries, sither hast

Chi'rgians, and Midwises (busic Quacks at last)

And decay'd gallants, Lords of Lands are passant,

And Sequestred Divines buy up the grass ont.

The Ewe, sad Box and Cypress (solemn trees)

Once Church-yard guests (till burial rites did cease)

Give place to Sallads, and consin'd Apollo

Trades in these Plants, that do hereafter follow:

Ladies secure your Noses, for I bring
Garlick my first high sented offering.

It's temper hot and dry, whatsoere doth sent
So strongly is of such a temperament,

Tie

(59)

It warms cold bodies, hot anoys, expells Wind, and such vapors from the bodys cells. It doth incite to luft, an opener high, And in a Tertian makes the cold fit flye. A Loboc, thats a Lambative, of this Delerves a sanum & expertum; tis Rare against Coughs, obstructions thick Extenuates, and cuts (ye but a lick Administred upon a liquorish stick For hotter Regions naught, but where the Bear Rules, tis a lulty, nalty, warming fare. The Ploughmans Treacle, and sole Antidote, Let in the Patient, cure him for a groat. Its filthy Hogon is corrected thus Boylit, tis not so odoriferus. Lentills or Beans eat after it do lay The strong Mephitis, Mints will take't a vay ^{cc} But oh the proof of Mowers intrailes, which "Digest this Plant, as well as Horses Cach.

Sorrel (saith Rasis) is both hot and dry, Gerard doth say it cools (undoubtedly) Exasperates the stomack, by which fight It moves it to a grateful appetite, In Summer season a most delicate sauce, In which the taste doth mightily rejoyce And us'd with many meats: But when Saint Luke Appears once i'th' now un-red-letter'd book, The falted leggs, and springs of Aaughter'd Swine With Sorrel fauce do make us rarely dine. To those abound with yellow choler good And quencheth thirst (especially that o'th' Wood) If possessed, th' inflamed blood retreats From pestilent Feavors, Agues, and all heats. What vertue have the seeds if you do ask? Drunk in red wines their good against the Lush.

Now

(60)

Now (Montebancks English, or men de France)
Its juice (old Avicen) doth high advance
And saith against the Tooth Ach tis as sure
As any Causticks or your handkerchieff cure

Dill's hot and dry, faith Hanck, refines Ventofities, and Tumors, stept in wines The top's of Dill dryd, and decocted, raise The candid flood i'th' via lacteas. Stand a moo Cleanfing and caufing milk, and doth remove Its windiness, Nurses, and Mothers love. Provoketh urine, is to sperm a friend, And puts the mounting Hickets to an end, So do the feeds smell't to: Hippocrates Confounds the Hicquets with a lufty fneezes For by that violent stomach-quakes all meat (That lay offensive there) doth change its seat; Sunned, or boyld in oyl, it mitigates Great pains, and shuts up Morpheus heavy gates, Allaying vapors, that disturb the head, And makes us take the other napp at bed, No less affective is this precious Dill If boyld in wine against the Matrix ill. It doth disperse those clouds, with choak, and smuther The uterm vault, called (but not making) mother. This Laus Res hitherto now comes Who'd think could hurt? its vitupexiums. All humane good is mixt; wherefore be wife Use not daily, for it spoils the eyes.

Smallage, or Garden Parsley, or that which Delights in waters, or the banks o'th' Ditch. Is hot, and dry, but yet the little seed. Above the leaves i'th' qualities exceed. A mighty opener of obstructions tough, And smooths the way o'th' ureters, when rough,

Provokes that serious tide, much more the root Boyld in a Broth, doth put the bladder to't. The root, or feeds in clysters help alone To evacuate, if not contuse the stone. It lays the torment of the guts, which may Be done by Epsam-beer or else by Whey. Most excellent in sauces, and in broth, Parsley, and butter, and the Table cloth, Are half the charge of a Fish dinner; so It is good, and bad fauce, the caveat know. Then as in Ruartaines tis, and Agues seen, It opens Liver stoppages, and spleen. So to the Vintners most assiduous curses, It will set open wide your Fish-day purses Amongst its mischiefs that, and this shall lye Its very hurtful to the Epilepsie. Which sickness is more dangerous of late "To fall i'th' street, or Tavern-fall i'th' State? Or age, or Oruch (for both words do hold) Are moyst in degree second, in first cold, A Kitchin Garden Herb, for the pot chief, But Boyld a Sallad, bellies bound relief, Nourish, and Livers hot gently asswage, And raw, or fod allay a guttural rage, Or inflammation in the throat, withall The seeds in Meath drank, cure th' Itierical.

Parsneps are of a Temper hot, more dry
Then moyst, and nourish well, not dainty,
A thicker blood create, but yet not bad,
A root spermatick makes a Scotchman mad,
Instative too, correct them then with Pepper,
It is no Dulman, no nor nimble leaper
Out of the stomack, but makes wholesome stay,
And for the Stagnant Vrine ridds the way.

(62)

Beets are of divers colours, white, black, red, According to their hues so tempered, The white are moderately moith, and hot A garden herb good for the pottage pot. The red, and black more hot, abiterlive all; Because compound of nitrous stuff, and sal, Whence their vertue Diergertick's, sed To purge by its * Emunctory the head, Good against founds i'th' ear, and the tooth ach, And doth the Cupidinean locks unlach. But oh the riot of the Roman Beet With such a Sallad their Grand Signior treat. Rub up your noddles my brave English Cooks And make our red Beet; that excells in looks Excel in taste: what can't your wisdoms do With Oyl and Vinegar, and Pepper too. Make it an Antidote (my vunning men) And then you jump with Father Avicen.

The Nose.

Borage is bot and moist, i'th' first degree, Or set i'th' confins of each quality. Both bot and cold, in its natural poise so just, That neither temperature exceeds it trust. A Plant ad Pondus (as they fay) and where You find such ballance, the proportions rare. The vertues eminent : Have you no courage? At any time revive your foul with Borage. That Azure flower hath in't a loveraign gift, And when a Sallad can the heart up lift. Good against either choler, red or black (Infused in wine de France, or nobler Sack.) Sirrup of Borage will make sad men glad, And the same sirrup doth restore the mad. A rare receipt for Bedlam, under deck, Prisoners, or my companions under feq. Coleworts are hot, and of a nitrous juice By the first they bind, byth' latter, loose,

The

(63)

The broth is laxative, there runs the Salt, Eat, without broth their stiptick, there's their fault. To make it unmalitious boyl the cole In fountain water, cast it away whole, Then in a broth, where vertuous pouder Beef Is boyld, boyl that, Cato shall cry it chief Of meats, with which he will most amply dines And frolick it, and lick the lufty wine That to his Crambe, Caulis, or our coles His bellies debtor, and his jobbernole. For Colewort is an enemy toth vine, And can our wits wine forfeited refine. Then Socrates, and Cato fear no baggage Nor scold, take to ther bottle, to ther Cabbage. It is for shaking hands, and dim eyes good, Forgive one fault of melancholy blood. What though its windy, Pepper will reform That tempest, and appeale its flative storm.

Onyons are bot and dry, i'th' fourth degree But Garlick doth exceed ith' quality. Onyons are chopt into three several sorts, And never a one hath any good reports. As to our diet purpose boyld their best, Ram eaten worst, but with Vinegar dreft. They neither heat nor cool, faith Rafis, how? When Vinegar both vertues doth allow? So ordered, they inflame not unto thirst, But raise an appetite, the Carriers first And onely sauce, his snuff, for the squez'd juice Front's glanderd brains the humor will produce: (Good for his Teem and him) with Vinegar Immixt, it will the spotted Cutie clear. Provoks to fleep, so that your drowse pate Is call'd most pat, an Onyon bead of late. But yet beware, my friends of sleep, and night, Tis good to shut your eyes, but nought for fight.

(64)

It dulls the senses, doth infect the breath; O do's it so! away with it tis death.

The Gourd (saith Avicen) is bot and dry

* Colequenti- (Like the wild * Citrul on its quality.)
da. In degree second, and its vertues, these,
It purgeth yellow choler, disagrees
With Melancholy; wine all might i'th' Gourd
That hath been hous'd, purgation will afford.
Much like our Melon, if they stand, and thrive,
Are good to make the body largeive.

Are good to make the body laxative.

Dioscorides saith, that the gourds juice
Held in the mouth, will ease to the pain produce
Of Tooth-ache. Bitter it is of Taste: know

Most things that are of special good, are so.

Cumin is hot and dry, saith Rasis, good Against wind i'th' stomach; after food Taken a help at Maw, thats to concoct, By'ts feeds drank, Matrix, and the guts unlock't. From the pain colick; the result is The very same by clyster or by Pultu. With Vinegar immixt, the overflows Call'd menstruall are repuls'd, and bloody nose. Secundum artem handled it asswages Whatsoever fwellings in the scortum rages, And Genitals, tis good for Gouty joynts, And the procedure of it disappoints. Boyld with inflative meats, a remedy Against their Genuine ventosity. What would you more? there's not a nurse nor flut But knows tis good gainst Worms i'th' maw and gut. Coming again we shall more vertue find Those whom the Pleurisie, or stick do grind, Let them a bag of Cummin seed, and sal (Le-Bay) quil up and warm them all to mal.

(65)

Besprinkled well with good wine Vineger And hot applyed to th' side oth' sufferer, It is probatum, and will save well nigh The Plu us noted help, Plebotomy.

Fennel is bot, and dry i'th' third degree, The seeds or leaves in Pessan made, the dry Breasts do replenish, and those hills of silk And snow, refurnish with the purest milk; Made a decoction they cleanse the reins, Open the Lever, and the kidney lanes. Do force the stone, and urine to avoid. And hath Cottidian Feavors oft destroy'd. By dieuretick faculty, now tell The verses made on Oxford Holowell. 16 No man will hurt this well, thats wife, "For this hurts none, but cures the eyes. So Fennel, Roses, Vervin, Rue, and Celandine Made a water will do good unto thy eyes and mine. And to such persons covet to be lean, Fenicularis aqua, scowres them clean.

Hysope is bot saith Rasis, and if eaten Or into powder with some mixtures beaten Good for the dark of fight: A water made With this and Figs byth' skillful in the trade, Gurgled, doth unimpostumate the throa, And when by rheumes a difficulty's got Of swallowing, the streightned passages To this decoction yeilds, and the stops cease Lettuce is cold toth end oth' third degree, With us a Sallad of high dignity; Loaf'd, and unwasht is best, cooles the chas't blood, For sperme, for milk, for generation good. But not the feeds, they'r of a quality Anteroffical, thats quite contrary, It doth provoke to urine and to fleep, Naught for Lethargick pates: this Sallad keep.

And

(66)

And till the Spring, its usual leaves produce, Its kindred Corn-Sallad shall be in use.

Mints in degree the second, bot and dry I'th' third, saith Gerard, of fam'd memory. If smelt unto Pliny the Historian writes The duller appetite to eat excites. Confortative to stomack, we commend It in burnt Claret at a vomits end. It stays the Hiequets, Parbrake, and the scowre By choler made in ventricle the lower Taken in juice of sowre Pomegranats: So In Vineger if upward blood do flow. In broth if boyld, Senior Pliny writes, It stays the blood profluvium, and the whites Good against Watry-eye, and scurfie head, Of children, and any tumor therein bred. With Honey and Spring water mixt it cleers Absurd obstructions of surdaster ears Infus'd in milk, against a mad dogs bite, Tis good for man, but hang the dogg out right. Boyled in wine, and vineger, alone It cures the strangury and Kidneys stone Against the stings of Waspes applied, and Bees Tis good. I would there were no worse then these?

Yet are of temp'rament most hot, and dry,
Especially the seeds toth' fourth degree
A Sallad, mixt with Herbal company,
Virgils moretum makes it one of those
Herbs, which do sting with its sharpe bite the nose.
Tis good against Scarbute, or Scorbuch,
Be the disease old English, or new Dutch.
It warms the stomack, and the Liver clears
As by the cure afore full well appears.

Et nares acri Aringunt Na-Auroia morsu. (67)

For gainst the Scorbute nothing is so good As that which by its vertue cleers the blood, It cures the worms i'th' belly, not the head, Not in a sheeps, wherein a long ones bred. Good for the stomack saith the Arab Rasis, But Dioscorides the herb disgraces, As to that vigor, but commends its power For expediting off the bloody scower, And though it hurts the early Embryo It doth provoke to that, which * made it so: Poppy is white, and black, of this doth come The high Nercotick, dulling Opium: The whites more candid, and more laudable, This causeth sleep, that death (faith Pliny well) Poppy both feed, and leaves, and heads are cold, Stays Rheumes a cerebro: Be not too bold However with't, unless it tempered be With good allays, then tis a Remedy Not dangerous: Beware, best Lady, still Of herbs, that do some good, but greater ill. Of this is made rare Diacodium, The wand of Mercury, and Morpheus drum, When sharp diseases, and malignant Feavor, Disturb your rest (as I could wish it never) A Poppy cawdle made with Almond-cream Shall bind the senses, and incline to dream.

Parsley is hot i'th' second, dry i'th' third
Degree: By it the stagnant urin's stirr'd,
And semal courses fixt do finde their way
And the red tide obeys her Cynthia.
The seeds are hotter then the leaves or Root,
They open, are abstersive, and drive out
And them expel at fore door, or behind.

Ιt

It is as helpful to the stone, and gaines
Credit upon the bladders grief, and reins.
The cholick passion is appeas'd: The doors
The little doors oth body cal'd the Pores,
It opes by sweat, and makes transpire such vapours.
As sume the house, like ill extinguish tapers.
It purifies the Liver; made an oyl
It cures the Morsue, and the speck'd skins soyl
Boyled in Ale the roots and seeds have got
A same 'gainst poysons, are an Antidote,
And for its common use, theres scarce a dish
Without this sauce to your quaint Flesh or Fish

Leeks, or but leek with number singular E'ne which you like, hot, and dry temper'd are? Rasis commends, and discommends the plant It is the Appetites friend to its provant But enemy toth' headwhich it doth pain And fills with dreams malignant the fum'd brain, If that the Fountain of the Body's ill (The head I mean) let Leeks grow where they will Except on thy brest-plat. But if youl' need Upon this great Extenuator feed, Eat them with Endives, Purstane, Lettuces Charge of a fallad will his heat appeale Made in a Lohoc, or a loch, with Figs With Bdellium, almonds (tell me Dr Trigs Must they be blanch'd or no?) with liquorice A quantum sufficit, in short R.S. With candid fugar, Ana, and thefe all Boyld in a Balneo, till Syrrupical, Against Catarrhes, and suffocating Rheumes And squinances a power it assumes. Madam you'l thinke I cant, or little lack Of John Pontaus, or an English Quack The Emperonr Nero cal'd Porrophagus I hat's Leek devourer, eat them like a sus,

(96)

That's like a swine, which is the cause I think His memory unto this day doth stink

Purstane is cold 'ith degree third, and moyst
In second: For stomacks by much wine deboyst
And high instan'd is good, and extream thirst
Purstane will quench (when if your belly burst.
With water, 'twill not slake) and for your tooth
Aking or edge, the leaves are good for sooth
The semal sluxe, and of Bile * rubea
Or any flux of blood the juice will stay
If by a syringe you the same minister
It cures the Matrix heats, the Guts by Glister;
And Avicenna a new vertue starts
That the leaves rub'd are med'cine 'gainst the Warts,
The Butchers 'gainst the Herb-wives seek relief
And think that Purstane will put down ram beefe

Of Choler yellow.

Radish is bot, and dry, a sauce of course Both that cal'd biting, and that called horse, Both heavy of digestion, both excite Before and in the Meal the appetite The leaves are more digestive then the root Which is a vomit, with some oxymel to't It cuts the Flegme, and by it's gravity Like cheese, it make our victuals downward ply Water of Radish, or horse radish Ale Is good for urine, and provokes to stale, But leaves a bogou so distattful I Wish that my nose, my palat were not nigh The root with Darnel, meal and vineger Of wine de-blanch, blew and black speeks do's clear That mixt with falt (faith Dioscorides) Will milk in dryed paps, and teats increase. Secundum artem ordered makes away For the descension of the menstrus

And

(70)

And mixt with Vinegar hath good dispatch Against Hodontalgia, or Tooth-ach. And without Rasis, or Hippocrates Rind on, and off, is eaten with green cheese

Turnep (saith Isaack) 's moust i'th' first degree And bot i'th' second, a good quality. Nature consists in hot and moyst. We fall When fire licks up the humor Radical. Then Turneps eat, which though they ill digeft, Of Garden roots they are accounted belt. It makes the skin fair as it felf, and raises That Plimme, and somewhat more, and yet more praises For Spermatick recruits it gets, they'r all Good, long, the small, or round, which bears the ball. The sheets or tender topps for Salladsuse, Boyled, they do belye Asparagus: The Commentator (if he guesseth right) Affirms they have a vertue good for fight. And Pliny (natures great Philosopher) Saith, boyld, to frigid feet they heat confer. I hold with *Pliny*, and almost dare swear My foot a boyld Turnep will not bear. But what saith Dioscorides, alone A Turnep stamp'd is for Kib'd heels for-bone, An abstrepe- To made an Oven for the oyle of Roles To rolt in Embers, is the best of doses.

Then Turneps, * cry man, East, North, West and South

And when they'r fold, with wheelbarrow stop thy mouth.

An abstreperous eryer of Turneps, and that disturbs the Author with his bauling.

Rue is both hot and dry, i'th' third degree,
At its approach flys cold ventofity,
And clogging humors jogge, it doth remove
The fent from those Garlick and Onyons love.
The Herb (like Sampier pickled) helps the fight,
But so, or not so eat, spoiles Cupids fight.

(71)

In Pestilential times like these, if you Do love your safety, stuff your nose with Rue. Who can deny what Pliny then attests, The leaves in wine are Antidote o'th' best. The water thrice distill'd, the kidneys cleanse, And send all sand incontinent, from thence.

Sage is of temper hot, and dry, the School Salernitan, concludes him for a fool That dyes with Sage in garden. Tis a herb Of vertue singular to a Proverb. And in its name are high auspicia Healthful and soveraign that is * Salvia. Let those who to Abortions subject are Make this same prudent herb their constant fare, And what it doth post Partum, for the next Consult Agrippas, and Aetius text, Good for the Matrix, and its tenant, naught For the person, who, that to lodge there brought: And bridles natures itch : Good for the Brains, And head, and fenses, which the head contains. And how in Ale infus'd, and brew'd, we cry It up, with Scabius, Fennel, Betony, Apothecaries shops can tell, whose trade During these Sage Ale morning draughts doth fade. The juice, as well as any black lead Combe Where white hairs are, will make the black ones come. And Macer faith, that Pulveris'd, it takes Away the venemous bites of poylonous Snakes. How in our late malignant Feavors we Account Sage possets a grand remedy, The Country cures can speak: Then for a flich Or Pleurisie tis poormans cure, and rich If in a wooden dish with coals the leaves Be dry'd, Vineger aspers'd, it nere deceives. No maid nor man Cook (unless fool by Age) Will dress a Pigg and not i'th sauce have Sage. Spin-

Sage.

Spinach is cold and moyst, so temperate, The lungs, the throat, the stomach gratulate. This wholesome pot herb, which doth exercise His lonosing vertues 'gainst the bellies ties. Will it untie the bound? such recipes Restrained persons will extreamly please. It breeds but little, yet good nourishment We give't in Feavors to a good intent, And with as good success, if you herbs mate Alike, both open, and Refrigerate.

Mushroms, or Toadstools, off-spring of the earth, Or else of Trees a puffy spungy birth. Are unto danger cold and moyst, if eat, And raw cold pituitous blood beget. Those whose concavities are red, are worst, Let those feed on them to the Colick curst. Pepper and Oyl, and Salt, nay all Cooks Art Can no way wholsemness to them impart. What Doctor Butler said of Cucumber, Of these ground-bucklers, we the same aver. Dress them with care, then to the dunghil throw'um A hogg wont touch um, if he rightly know um.

Toadstools are worse then Mushromes of the ground, And with a poysonous quality confound: A pappy, viscous, gross, cold substance can Here finde no praise, nor i'th' Salernitan: These four are signs of Death, saith Isaack, (An old Arabian, and no late-sprung Quack) Which if you cut i'th' middle, and let lye Till morn, you shall their putrid state descry. But oh the praises of the Roman wits: Meat for the gods, the Emperors choise bits. Poets and Cooks are friends, and not at odds: I joyn, and say they'r meat too for such gods.

CHAP

CHAP, XXXI.

And first of FIGS.

DReposterous! Figs before Apples plac'd, The Dier's false, and all the Work disgrac'd. Who marshals in the fruit? a Squire, 't may be, But yet no Apple-squire you plainly see. A fig for such a Squire: Madam, with leave You shall our Reasons for our Figs receive. Both are coxvous fruits of Edens earth, 'The Fig and Apple don't contend for birth; Onely the Apple, to one Sexes shame, Had the misfortune of the leading name. That fruit is inauspicious to your kind, And purposely I plac'd the dish behind, Lest being percht into the upper place, You would not think't a Banquet, but disgrace: Think you I should quick Atalanta please With golden Apples, whilst Hippomanes With Laurel crown'd, revives the fatal story Of her deluded foul and long loft glory? Give place then exprobrating fruit, and come Thou Cover-shame, old Fig-tree, in the Room: Though men of all the fruit, that hangs o'th' tree, Should love none less for your obscurity: For by its leaves we lost the precious fight Of that which is the masculine delight. Figs, either green or dry, do cleanse the sand From that streight Quarter, where the reins command. Windy when green, but then are laxative, Dry they do nourish, make the body thrive, And warm the blood, but an excessive use (' As all exceedings turn unto abuse) Does

(74)

Does cause the Itch and Lice, but yet you may Give Wormwood in a Fig, for all I say.

So much saith Rasis, hear what Isaak saith,
(For a few Figs y'have two Physitians, faith.)
If that you eat them falling, when all's clear,
And no crude humours in the stomack reer,
They make digestion noble, clean e the breast,
The lungs, the reins, and stones (a) membranous nest.
Hath it no other vertue? this in summe,

(a) The bladder.

Roasted 'tis good for an impostum'd gumme.

Dates are in temper like to Figs, that's dry

And moist, but nourish not (so cleverly,

As we may say) if often eat, they cause

Gross blood, and both infect the teeth and jaws;
Provoke to urine, but do swell the S, leen
And Liver, and the blood turn all to flegm.
Still worse and worse; then take them Oxford Kate
For Marrow-pies, with me they'r out of date.

Grapes are less hot then Dates, a luscious fruit, And its alliance blood doth streight recruit, Fattens the body, and extends one part, For which we need not wicked helps, nor Art.

The thinner coated Grapes do the less harm,
And though themselves be slender clad, will warm.
They all are windy, so are bellows, yet
Both these and they will fires and flame beget.
The sweet Grape fattens, and the starp makes lean,
Instigidates, if steep'd in water clean.
Sowre Grapes are very cold, the belly bind,
By them the yellow bile and bloods confin'd.
Press'd Grapes and Raisons are of temperate heat,
A nourishing fruit, plausible and neat;
Good gainst obstructive coughs, and in a Phthisis,
Steept a whole night in Sack do strange devices.

Fruit of Granado, or Pomgranates, are
Both sweet and sowre; both small nourishers.

1 1 1

The

(75)

The sweet are rather hot then cold, dispence
Swellings and thirst, to Agues an offence.
The source-sharp Granate cooleth, dries, and binds,
Those flux-oppressed his noble vertue finds:
In Morbus Cholera a present cure,
'Gainst either evacuation sure,
Then Syrrup, Conserves, make with Art, and know
It is ubique good above, below:
And in the faundice, if its juice you try,
None shall say long, that yellow is your eye.

Quince, or Cydonean apple's cold and dry, Like to the former (a) Punick in degree. Second, or sweet, or soure, they'r binders flout, The foure are most restrictive without doubt; They rouze the appetite, they bind and loose: How's that? both fast and loose? we will us pose: The empty flomack it doth bind, you'l fay It might, where nothing is to fend away. But eat Quince after a full meal, anon It shall drive down and send to m' uncle John: Raw not so good as roast, or bak d, by Art It is convey'd in every Apple-tart; Costive by quality, and therefore is Elixir, Where Vomitings, or Lasks, or bloody flix are: Against immoderate Menses good, and such Who blood from head, or flomack vomit much. But hear what Simeon Sethi fayes, if woman Pregnant, do make of Quinces a food common, She shall bring forth wise and discreet sons;

Fat Quinces, Ladies, bring forth Solomons.

Peares are all cold, of binding quality,

Both sweet and sowre, and choak-pear belly-tie,

Unless in post-canes eaten, then they do

As Quinces, which sike them are costive too:

Eaten with Tod-stools, or with Mustoromes, they

Lose their restringency, and pass away.

Eight

Malum Punicum.

(a) Pomegra-

nate is called

(76)

Eight forts of civil Pears, beside the mild. Gerard hath told in's Herbal well compil'd, The Katherine call'd the proud; and James his Pear, The Burgomot, or the Palatiner, The Royal Pear, and Bishops Pear, and had He found a Lower-house pear (though ne're so bad) I durst profess Johnson, and he had meant Tomake of Pears, and Peers a Parliment: Apples, saith Rasis, are restringent all, Both sweet and sowre; the Salern School will call Th' Arab to account, fince 'tis distatum, Post pyra da potum, post pomum vade cacatum. Goclevius help to reconcile this Pique, Or else we must no more of Apples speak Then thus; Apples are windy, if you eat Them with Annise seeds, or such like good meat; So Apples spic'd, and made a good Lambs wooll, (As saith Salerna) set us to the stool. Sweet smelling Apples are restorative, Pluckt from their mother they do shorter live: Bak'd in a Pie with Quinces 'mongst them cut, They do the appetite to's business Put. But frequent eating weakeneth the nerves, Unless you use the syrrup or conserves: * Doftor H.H. I have a * Doctor's, and a learned one 'S word for't, that eat, they mitigate the stone: So, though an Apple were the first fruit ill It keeps the Ladies at their closets still. An excellent revenge, for this bad food, By your rare skill preferv'd, conferv'd, is good.

Peaches are cold and moist in degree second, A very fruitless fruit, and dangerous reckon'd: If eaten after meat, it hath a quality Corruptive, and the chile doth putrifie,

(77)

In Sack imbib'd, what will not Sack make good? They are admitted, but before your food.

Unripe they'r costive, Ripe they'r laxative:

'No man by Peach (in any sense) did live;
The Peach D' Avant, that's call'd pracocia,
And in the Roman tongue called Persica,
Are ralatsome, the nauseas abated
By them, 'tis sit the fruit should be translated.

I'th' first degree, fam'd for astringency:

Especially Medlar the dwarf, procure
The Gyant-Medlar, that's a Hestor sure.

Strengthens the stomack, and like Hercules,
Allayes the tumults and the raging seas
Of yellow Bile, by two commotions,
The Gizzards glimmering call d in strange notion,
A report goes, saith Dioscorides,
That Medlars eaten do the tooth-ach ease.
Gerard assures, that by the kernels bruis'd
Gravel and urine's purg'd, the stone contus'd:
Thy English (a) nick-name doth so much divine;
But were it so, the Druggists would repine.

(a) Open A .--

Aprecocks in my Authors are not found,
I shall transplant them from our Gerards ground:
Alike in nature to the Peach, so may
Pracocia be the same with Pracoqua.
We'r at a loss, Johnson and Gerard both
Know not their vertues (no nor I in troth.)
Preserve on Ladies, howsoe're, 'tis good
Presum'd, untill 'tis hurtfull understood.

Citrons, Pomecitrons, Lemons, Oranges, Are odoriferous and the scent please, Whether from Eden, Media, or Italy, Or his dominions, on whom both Suns lye;

The

(78)

The Catholick Kings Hispania's, they proceed The Earth don't rarer fruit nor fragrant breed; Delitious to the eye, sweet to the nose; 'Tis thought the fruit that Adam did depose From his high Paradise, unworthy ware, 'And sad exchange! had it been ne're so rare: Lets search its vertues, for our Mother Eve Its outside glory could not so deceive: Though by the eye much mischief is conveigh'd, 'Those eyes, those eyes, cry'd the just yielding Maid. Then what magnetick force convinc'd that foul, Which did the Monarch of the World controul, And mov'd his captiv'd passions to a deed, Hath set an edge his long traducted seed? Was it the Rinds sweet smell? My Pyrrha* knew 'Twas bitter, hot, and dry (for all its hue) 'Children are caught with Pictures: Was't the juyce? My Grandam knew 'twas fowre, and knew its use: Knew the feed bitter, of like quality With the odorous rinds; the would not dye For Coloquintida; what though the knew It had hid vertue poyson to subdue?

Ah but the venom of that crafty Beast
That circled bout the Tree, and stung her breast
Worse then the Aspes did Cleapatra: not
Mithridatum, Triacles, not Anridote
Sufficient to expel: He whisper'd Death,
And conveigh'd Hell in a soft, gentle, breath,
Lesse could the ho es of keeping ever fair
(For Citron juyce, for that is highly rare)
Corrupt her judgment, whose transparent skin
Was glass unto her nobler thoughts within
That is the least of Beauty, that o'th Glass;
But since her fall, is all that's less alass!
No the same Apple by its Proxie told

* The Devil.

* Eve.

Of strange Omniscience, Never being old:
These

(79)

'These were sure baits; since 'twas her fate to fall, She fell not like a Fool; 'twas gallant all. Mulberryes, cold and dry i'th third degree, Rise, make the belly mouth, and lenifie, & bar Passe quickly out of stomack, or else have A putrefaction, and there find a grave. Their juyce is like the tast of Wine, and will Asswage the hear of any guttural ill: With Album gracum mix'd, and gargled, cure Against Squinancies, and throat-Calenture. Infus'd in Fountain-water thirst remove, Ta'ne before meat th' appetite improve. By fliptick quality they'r very good. Against all Fluxes of luxuriant blood. Madam, let none offend this prudent Tree, with Which blooms not till old Winters gusts do flye: Reserves its juyce within its principal, Wife as the Creature which it feeds; for all The bitter season of the year, his guest The Silk-worm keeps within its downy neft, And when Provisions on the Tree appear He doth unwind himself, and fals to's chear : So may your Ladyship passe out of dore, And feed on them under a Sycamore, Which with umbratile leaves will let no Sun Hurt your Silk-gown, by its namefake Creatures spuns Plumms, faith old Isaac, are both black, and white, And red, and many colour'd for delight: They'r cold in general, and moist, do loose The belly, yellow Bile drive out o'th house. If eaten, as we use at Barthol'mem-tide, Hand over head, that's without care or guide, There is a Patient sure; Physitians sums Have never quicker Counters then these Plums. If you will needs be at it before Dinner, Eat and be regular, no Diet-sinner:

(80)

Or else they putrisse, and breed diseases; Wherefore in times of *Plague* it alwayes pleases The prudent Magistrate t' inhibit fruit, And Dogs and Hogs, which all are helpers to 't.

The Damson or plum Damascene is best,
Plums that are dry'd give to a welcome Guest.
But if I sup or dine, it well shall please,
If that the Buttler eat those Services.

Cherries (who'd think it! Yeomanry of Kent It is enough to lose your half years rent). Are all unwholsome, generate bad blood, Viscous and flegmatick, a feavorish food. The tarter tasted are the best, although The sweeter at a greater price do go. But Galen in his sage formality Must yield, if Round-cap Cherry ripe do cry.

Almonds; the sweet are temperate, the bitter Better, and for Physical uses fitter: Their moderate heat and oyly juice Doth lenifie the throat, yet they refuse To pass the stomack, unless sugar'd well; Then urine and obstructions they expel, And sperm augment: unskinn'd they nourish worse, Their coats, like bran, a passage for them force. Skinn'd they are stiptick, and perform good task, When order'd against bloody Flix and Lask. The bitter, hot and dry, are wholfomer, Dissolve gross humours, cleanse the ureter, Expectorate and sweep the clogged lungs, And mundifie the Spleen, and Liver dungs. Their oyl for many uses serve, get grace For keeping terse the Ladyes skins and face:

In Physick more successful; so we shall Not give our Almonds only unto * Pal.

Nuts are dry whorsons, though the Tree complain, Shee's thwack'd and bang'd by every Country-Swain; 'Tis not without a Fault, by Virgil's leave, Who did the Nut an innocent fruit conceive. For simply of themselves they do great harm, Are most obstructive, and in stomacks warm And cholerick ingender sumes, and make The pate virtiginous, and deadly ake. Insus'd in Sack, their mended quality's Approv'd, who wo'nt in Walnuts sacrifice An afternoon to Bacchus, if it rain, And moithed skies offend the Andious brain?

And moistned skies offend the studious brain?

But Nuts, two Figs, and twenty leaves of Rue,
And Salt contunded, (give the Devil his due,
He is a Nutter too) will expel poyson;

Nay, taken fasting keeps off all that's noysom. In Hazel-nut, or Filbe d, cold and dry Of te per, doth a windy moysture lye, Which yeilds but little nourifnment, so tough, It will not passe the stomack soon enough, But lies like bullet, or small shot of lead, Yet upon these the vulgar sort do feed. And at the Play houses, betwixt the Acts, The Musick Room is drown'd with these Nut-cracks; Whose kernels made into a milk do bind, But of themselves the contrary we find, And rather cause the bloody Flix, and Lask; Wherefore forbear you brethren of the Cask, VVho in your leather coats eat facks of Nuts, You'l need no new Beer to keep clean your guts. VValnuts, or Royal Nuts, or * Nuts of Jove, (Here's name enough to get a noble love) Are the best fort of Nuts, and newly pluck'd Delight the tast, but little juvce is sucked

* Juglans Jovis glans.

((84)

From its dry kernel, which doth flow descent, And by its hard concostion doth offend.

Made in oyl, like Almonds, they make smooth The hands and face, like chizel to a booth, Or board, they plain the surfie head, and scales, And save the labour of our itching nails.

The green and tender Nut, like Suckad made, And boyl'd in Sugar (tis Confectioners trade).

Is most delightfull and confortative, And antidoticall, then eat, and live.

Chesnuts are dry and binding, in a mean 'Twixt hot and cold (Nut Laodicaan then) But yet Sardinian breed, inflative high, As laid oth fire, their bouncing doth descry. After its windy rupture roast it well, And steep it in good Sack, until it swell By the infusion, then this Nut is good Provocative, and plenty makes of blood: Thus rarified by fire, and fowc'd in Sack, We may commend it fulcrum to the back. There is a Chesnut call'd Equina, which Is Horse-chesnut in our sole English freech, Which from the Eastern Countrey came, and can Horse coughs and Astma's cure, why not in Man? We have a Nut too that is call'd Porcine, An Acron wild we give it to our swine; Not meat for men, unless when fortunes all Are spent, we diet with the Prodigall.

Of SPICES.

DEpper is vehement hot, and mixt with meat Assists the stomack to make quick defeat, And noble change, on that Mesh or Hoch-podge, Which else would longer in her region lodge; Great crutches to digestion, and disperses Wind, as King Lolus in Virgils verses. Wherefore on all inflative roots and grafs, Asperse the Pepper-box, and they will pass. But let hot tempers, and in summer time, Fobear, unless they will inflame the chyme: There are some persons too; be none of those, Who if they take'r, take more then in the nose: But they that love the haunch of hunted Deer, With falt and pepper, make a noble cheer; Yet'cause my reverend Prelate soves it not, With other spices let him make it hot; Church-men must be approv'd, and verily I do submit in more then ordering pie.

Ginger is hor and moist, and well digests,
The City Cooks do wisely in their Feasts,
(Not use it gingerly) whereby such Fire,
And pilesof meat concoction safe acquire.
Wherefore the use of it, and other Spices,
Have rais'd the Grocers, and some quaint devices
To be o'th' Twelve, to wit, twelve Companies,
Because of these salvifical supplies,
As Pepper, Mace, Cloves, Currans and Raysons,
And Prunes, rare ware! kept we the old seasons:

M 2

(86)

But that high drug Tobacco free doth passe, Whether we have a Christ-tide, or Christ-masse. But to our Ginger (which besides in Ale Against its flativeness it doth prevail) To livers cold, and stomacks likewise so, It doth a friendly heat and help bestow; Its vertue's known in Composition, For obscure eyes, so faith my Portington, And so saith Rasis, if that dimness be Produced from moysture and humidity. So Avicen commends it to the head And throat, with raw cold rheumes incumbered. Good for the memory (faith the same man) Forget not then the old Physitian, For your old Blades are best when all is done, For they were wife, and had read Salomon.

Zedoary's hot and dry in the degree Next to the first: The Dispensatory Is frequent in its use, for it discusses All flatulency which in bodies buzzes; It fattens too by occult quality, (That's the old help in Physick) let it be; The world is not discovered all, we can't Know any thing compleatly, not a Plant, For every Plant doth hide a Deity, And like the Sensitive shrinks when we pry, Or touch, beyond decorum, stands the shew When modest inquisition comes to know. But for its vertue known, let it suffice, It hath the name of Triacle by the wife; Good against poysons, and infections good, Whether they center in the spirits or blood. Wherefore its use we may commend to all, In this next Spring, and in the present Fall. It is to th' stomack most confortative, Raifeth the appetite, the scent doth drive

(87)

Of noysome Garlike, Onions, and strong Leek, (Which make the Ladies at a kirs turn cheek.) Good against Colick, Stomack-Pains, and Lask, And drunk in wine allayes our heat of Cask; A Panacaa Rustick, not sure a greater; Yes, Doctor Everard hath found a * better.

Galingale, both the small and greater root,
(From India this, from China that sought out)
Is hot and dry i'th' third degree, soveraign
Against the maladies of a cold brain
If it's but smelt unto; but chew'd is rare
For those whose lungs and breath ill savour'd are,
But if the stomacks region's stuff'd, and torn
By wind, let no man this rare Medicine scorn.
Or when we stomack lack unto our meat,
It will procure it, and do greater feat,
(Digest) and greater yet; helps after third
Concoction, prime food for Venus Bird:
And for the Colick grief and colder reins,
The shops can tell you what a price it gains.

Clove-berry's hot and dry, aftringent too,
Like Cloves in vertue, and in outward shew.
In scent and tast most aromatical,
(Such Alexander sum'd his skin withall,
Unto odorous transpiration)
Is good 'gainst Goat-evacuation,
And Rammish breathings: good too for the eyes,
Annoy'd by cold Catarrhs and Crudities
Bred in the stomack; Livers cold it warm,
Would all exotick things did no lesse harme.

Ralis saith Cynamon is hot and dry, Strengthens the Liver by that quality, * His univerfal M. dicine, Tobacco.

And

And stomack too, and gets an appetite, And sweeps the wind out of that region quite: It doth obstructions clear, that stop the reins, Forcing the urine in strangurial pains; Provokes the Menstrua, old Isack saith, The Mid-wives are of a contrary faith. 'Tis wholfome made in fawce, and fumes the breath, And a Sack poffet rarely flavoreth.

Saffron is hot and dry i'th' first degree, The weakned stomacks friend: no enemy Unto obstructed Livers, nor their breath, Which is so short (it differs not from death.) The feeble parts it comforts: don't you see The Saffron Cawdle every morning flie Into the Ladies chambers; they are wife, And will take nothing dangerous 'fore they rife, For women hard of labour present ease, Rasis prefers it fore Man-midwiferies, Or momens too, and faith that this alone Is the Lucina to be call'd upon. Put into wine it doth inspirit that, Firks up its vertues, were it ne're so flat; And in the drinker strikes a cheeriness, That Plunder can't allay, nor lay diffress. It is enough; thy verrues are fo high, I do commend thee to the Cavalry.

Caramayes, or feeds of Caria, whence they take Their name, are hot and dry, when made in Cake, Or into Confects, wholfome Recipes Against the urines painful stoppages: Dissolve collected wind in stomacks crude, And blasts Hypocondriacal extrude: They Worms in children mortise; are best Earin the van, not i'th' reer, o'th' Feast,

(89)

(As is the usuall custome) when with cheese And apples, these are fawcer-services, Correctors of that windy fruit, and why Expel not wind without their company? Wherefore in bread with anniseeds (which have Vertues alike) immixt, they's Physick save.

CHAP. XXXIII.

Ustard is hot and dry, above the third Degree, by it the brain and stomack's stirr'd, And watry humours in born regions dry'down to the Her Countrey-man its Hinging vertue try'd, When that it caught her by the nose, did cry, (A pox of her, a lox of Temxbury.) Good sawce for Pork, and Goose, and Brawn in chief. For Sawlages, and Tripes, and powder'd Beef; Good for the intellect, faith Avicen, I do prescribe it unto Gotham, then, But they must drink it fasting; which they will Never observe, though to gain Solomons skil: But yet for humous viscous, thick and tough, The feed of Mustard is as good as fnuff: And pulveriz'd, and in vine-blanch de France Infus'd, 'twill make a Tertian Ague dance; It will expectorate, and further reach, Even to the Stone (if Pliny rightly teach.) But then in vinegar you must it lay, Through Alpine hills these two will mak a way.

Salt is alike with Mustards quality High-prized with us, but more in Gallia,

Where

Where 'tis a soveraign sauce, fit for a King, A sauce finds meat, and clothes, and every thing; It takes away fastidiousness in meating sed and to (I cannot say, that which the French do eat) Who loath even Salt it felf, and heart'ly hate. It, fince it comes obtruded on a Rate. Yet it subtiles the tast, and makes it play, Removing grosness from the Uvula: Excites and sharpens duller appetite, Hunger and Salt are sauce, or none is right. But too much Salt licks up and burns the blood, Just in the body as it is in food, Which is exuet, and dry, and juyceless made. VV here that its briny fire doth much invade: As by experience, to their constant grief, Our Mariners do find it in their Beef, And Sea provisions, which returns them all Trophies of Salt, fadly Scorbutical. To those that do in Salt too much delight, It minorates the feed, bedimms the fight. I have two Friends of either Sex, which do Eat little Salt, or none, yet are friends to Of both which persons I can truly tell, They are of patience most invincible contact the small VV hen out of temper no mischance at all and roll and Can put, no, if towards them the Salt should fall. I know a pretty Pearl such we hath got Of Salt, hee'd eat (if need) up Madam Lot, A little cholerick Spark, a very fire, VVhom if to make your friend you do desire, You shall not need a long experience make, His Bushel's eaten, and you may him take: Though these two tempers are excessive, know, A trencher-Salt for Tables we allow. Rasis saith, Vinegar is dry and cold, It makes its lovers macilent and old,

(91)

A vinegar-fact fellow, as we say,
A Constable on his installing day,
Looks as if in urine he were soused;
Beware night-walkers, you will all be housed,
It doth destroy the bodies noble juyce,
Unsucculents the back, and spoils its use;
A help to Quartan Agues; and all such,
Who with black Choler do abound o're much,
Which it confirms and fixes, E contra,
It doth disperse, and instrume Choler Rubea:
It gives a passe of gust in diet, mends
The duller juyce, and downward grateful send s:
There are disputes, whether its hot or cold,
I'me for my Sages, and with them must hold.

* In the Counter.

Honey is hot and dry (saith Isaac) In degree second, nor doth vertue lack, Cood for Cacectick persons, whose grosse chiles And evil humors rarely it subtiles, And makes them emeant, passant through the skin. Where thousand little dores are to be seen. If you would know what are those little dores, Madam, undoubtedly they are the Pores. The foulness of the putric blood in veins It purifies, cleanseth those channels stains; Wherefore let all, whose constitution's cold And moist, dec e it person, and the old Lick Honey, or the drink-compound thereof, 'I will warm their chilness, and 'twill cure their cough: But you, my Friends, of cholerick tempers, know Honey like choler is, and turneth so: Live Honey (as we fav) and eaten raw, Is much inflative, rakes the breast and Maw, Provokes by vomit and by Siege; but supp'd In new laid hgg rare falve for lungs corrupt.

What

(92)

What need we longer praise it, when we know Its Providore, from every flower doth blow, Sucks universal Balm, so in a spoon You take Gerards divine * Collection. So that the gleanings of the vigorous Bee Is Johnson's labours neat Epitome. Whom would not this glorious juyce intice To tast it, though at lov d Jonathan's price?

* The Herbal.

OTLES.

Of Oyles the Oyl of Olives weares the bayes, Hath higher vertues, therefore higher praise: Pliny the Senior, (whom Vesuvius kils, And th' eructations of those fiery hils, A fad example, and precaution gives To all (though ne're so learn'd) inquisitives, Not to be wise, and peep in things too high, We have our Ætna's in Divinity) Pardon the length of this Parenthesis, That Pliny shall declare Oyles qualities: It is all bodies suppler; but the dry And hide-bound ought it most to magnifie; Vellum-fac'd fellows, living whit-leather, Eat Genoa Olives, and the Oyl together, Until your parchment bodies give a foul, Sordid and covetous Trayn-oyl can't unfoul: It makes the body strong and vigorous, (A word of late in wondrous use with us, But then against the facred Oyl) it drives Poysons, though double twist by jealous Wives. It gently layes the torments of the guts, Cleanseth the tripes, and opes those lower huts: The head-ach pains it cures, and mildly swages The ardor that in burning Feavors rages.

(93)

What windy vapours dares ith' body stay,
Or come in this aerial Unguents way?
Then if your eyes you'd have like Diamonds
Sparkle, (with such rare stame your eyes abounds,
Madam) Oyl will them clarifie, advance
A handsome face to Cherub's countenance.
The Cerustes are known, and we allow
To you the mellow sleek-stone of the brow;
Such Arts are legal, wot you what Hester
Bestow'd in sweets, when for the King she dress her?
For all our long and still upheld turmoyles,
And all my suffering, I'me for Soveraign Oyles.

The Oyle of Nuts most vehement and hot, Let them, who Fistula's ith' eyes have got, Use it from Madam Stepkins hand, or buy It well compounded by good Surgery.

The Oyle of Almonds is more temperate, It doth the breast and lungs cleanse and dilate: The grated reins and bladder do receive Huge ease, when we this lenisier give. Specks in the face it takes away, how so? When Ladies that use Oyl have Specks we know: The round, the long, the star, the great, the lesser, And are made Ursa's by their Woman-dresser. Though Ursa is a Beare, I mean them none, Unless it be a Constellation. The scarrs of Wounds by Oyle and Honey mixt Are plain'd and levell'd though a long time fixt: Rare remedy in fighting blustring times, Such as are ours, the more, God knows, our crimes: This Medicine is most parable, not hard; Hast thou the Morphyes, use it Renegard,

Thou

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Thou who hast ventur'd much, and bravely dar'd, When that thy body is one scarre, as chance May make it in thy next renown'd advance, Then call for Oyl of Nuts my Renigard.

Now like the Squirril, which on Nuts doth feed, We leap from veries to some nobler deed,

FINIS.

